

Spotlight

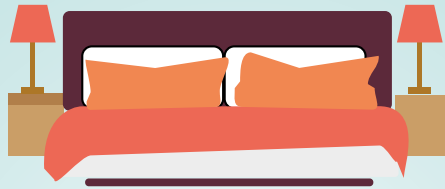
Spotlight



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FROM THE EDITOR



Improve your word power!

This special issue of *Spotlight* is all about vocabulary. Of course, simply learning more words and phrases won't necessarily make you a better communicator. It's about finding the words that you need – see the tip under the letter “C” on page 31. Over the next **70-odd** pages, we present vocabulary that we hope will be useful to you in whatever context you need to use English.

70-odd

• rund 70, um die 70

after all

• schließlich, immerhin

get by

• zurechtkommen, auskommen

While it is good to learn in a focused way, you might like to know how many English words you need to get by. This is what the authors of this issue, language experts Vanessa Clark and Lynda Hübner, told me:

- Someone who can use between 200 and 500 words can cope with simple tourist situations.
- With a vocabulary of 1,000 to 3,000 words, you can hold meaningful conversations.
- Advanced learners know between 4,000 and 10,000 words, including specialist vocabulary.
- An average native speaker is able to use 10,000 to 30,000 words.

You'll find the 1,000 most common English words at <https://1000mostcommonwords.com> However you use this issue to expand your vocabulary, I hope it makes communicating in English easier and more enjoyable for you. After all, that's what *Spotlight* is about.



Inez Sharp

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Benjamin Zephaniah
Face

Reclam Fremdsprachentexte

NEU

NIVEAU B1

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In *Face* zeigt Benjamin Zephaniah, wie flüchtig Glück sein kann. Aber auch, dass ein Schicksalsschlag die Chance bieten kann, sich auf die eigenen Werte und Stärken zu besinnen.

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All the words you need!

Would you like to chat fluently about your family, write easily about your hobbies or text tastefully about what you had for dinner? Then this special issue of *Spotlight* is just what you need. In seven chapters, we provide all the important vocabulary on those and other topics, including work, the environment and money. Authors VANESSA CLARK and LYNDIA HÜBNER present essential vocabulary at three levels, with entertaining texts and fun challenges.



6 **Family and friends** Ḕ Ṃ Ḍ Ḑ
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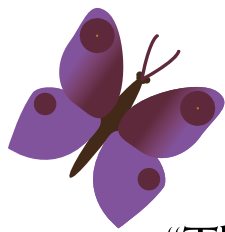
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The world around us



“The difference between the right word and the almost right word is the difference between lightning and a lightning bug”

Mark Twain (1835–1910),
American writer and humorist

lightning bug US
↳ Glühwürmchen



IMPRESSUM

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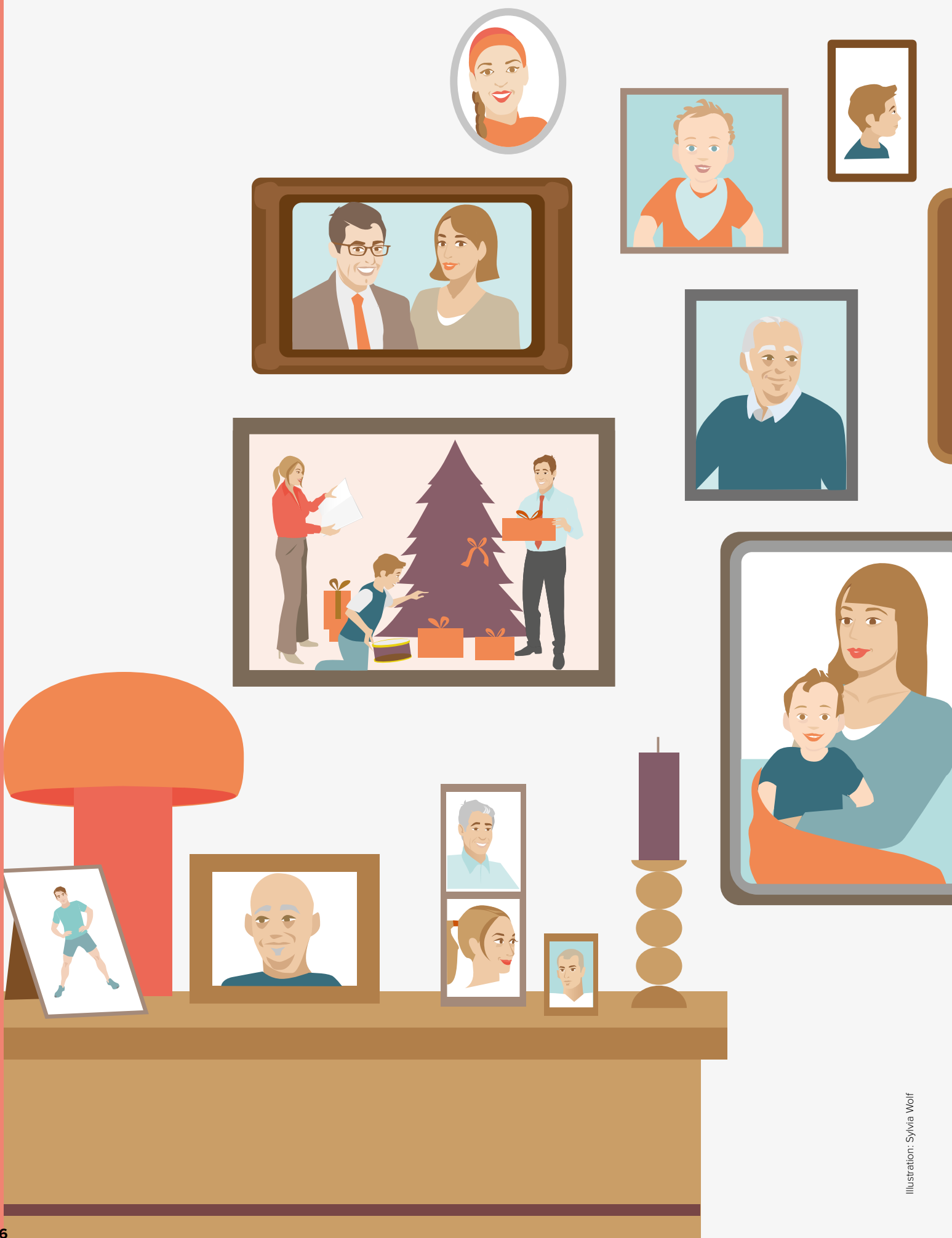
Better at English with Spotlight

Here are some tips on how to use this magazine effectively:

- You'll find recordings of texts on the Spotlight *Audio CD*/download. Look for the word **AUDIO** or this symbol:
- Support your learning by doing exercises in our Spotlight *plus* booklet. Much of the vocabulary from this issue of the magazine is covered in *plus*. Look for the word **PLUS** or this symbol:



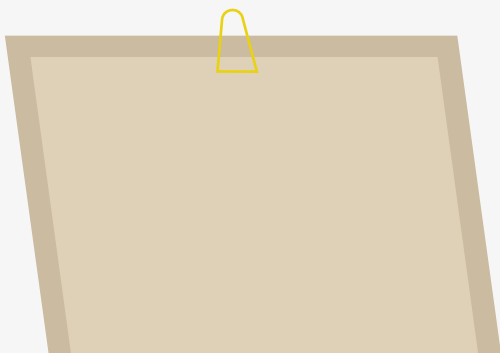
You can do all the exercises in this magazine online – just scan this QR code.





Family and friends

Familie und Freundeskreis liefern hervorragenden Gesprächsstoff – aber ist Ihnen auch das Vokabular geläufig, das Sie brauchen, um zwischenmenschliche Beziehungen zu beschreiben? Auf den folgenden sechs Seiten finden Sie die wichtigsten Wörter und Wendungen zum Thema. Von VANESSA CLARK





Family and friends

Hier finden Sie wesentliches Vokabular auf Sprachniveau A2.

EASY AUDIO PLUS



Westside Photo Studio

Wedding anniversary?
New baby?
Significant birthday?
Engagement?

Celebrate your special occasion with a professional photographic portrait!

Fun, relaxed one-hour sessions in our friendly studio.
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Alle Übungen aus dem Heft können Sie hier auch online und interaktiv machen

1. WHICH IS CORRECT?

- A. The studio specializes in wedding photography.
- B. The studio specializes in informal portraits.



MEMBERS OF THE FAMILY

aunt [ɑːnt]	➤ Tante
cousin	➤ Cousin, Cousine
grandparents	➤ Großeltern
great-grandparents	➤ Urgroßeltern
half-sister	➤ Halbschwester
mother-in-law	➤ Schwiegermutter
nephew ['nefjuː]	➤ Neffe
niece	➤ Nichte
only child	➤ Einzelkind
siblings	➤ Geschwister
sister-in-law	➤ Schwägerin
stepbrother	➤ Stiefbruder
twins	➤ Zwillinge
uncle	➤ Onkel

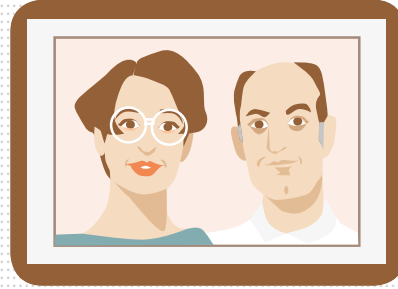
Answer
1. Which is correct?
Sentence **B** is correct.
The studio specializes
in informal portraits.

PEOPLE OUTSIDE THE FAMILY

- acquaintance** [ə'kweɪntəns] ➤ Bekannte(r)
- close friend** ➤ enge(r) Freund(in)
- housemate, flatmate** UK ➤ Mitbewohner(in)
- mate** UK ifml., **buddy** N. Am. ifml. ➤ Freund, Kumpel
- next-door neighbour** ['neɪbə] ➤ direkte(r) Nachbar(in)
- roommate** N. Am. ➤ Mitbewohner(in)
- teammate** ➤ Teamkollege, -kollegin, Mitspieler(in)
- workmate** UK, **coworker** N. Am. ➤ Arbeitskollege, -kollegin

SPECIAL OCCASIONS

- birth** ➤ Geburt
- engagement** ➤ Verlobung
- funeral** ['fju:nərəl] ➤ Beerdigung
- significant birthday** [sɪg'nɪfɪkənt] ➤ runder Geburtstag
- wedding** ➤ Hochzeit
- wedding anniversary** [ænrɪ'vɜ:səri] ➤ Hochzeitstag



TWO BECOME ONE

- civil partner** ['sɪvɪl] ➤ eingetragene(r) Lebenspartner(in)
- cohabiting** [kəʊ'hæbɪtɪŋ] ➤ zusammenlebend
- couple** ['kʌpəl] ➤ Paar
- divorced** [dɪ'vɔ:sɪd] ➤ geschieden
- engaged** ➤ verlobt
- married** ➤ verheiratet
- my former partner, my ex** ➤ mein(e) ehemalige(r) Partner(in), mein(e) Ex
- my late husband** ➤ mein verstorbener Ehemann
- same-sex couple** ➤ gleichgeschlechtliches Paar
- spouse** [spaʊs] ➤ Ehepartner(in)
- widowed** ➤ verwitwet



2. "OTHER" PEOPLE



How many members of the family can you think of with the letters "other" in them? Write the words on the lines provided.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

3. LOGIC



Can you work out the correct answers to these two puzzles?

A. Mr and Mrs Smith have six daughters. If each daughter has one brother, how many children are in the family?

B. Two fathers and two sons go into a bar and order a beer each. The barman serves three beers. Why?
.....

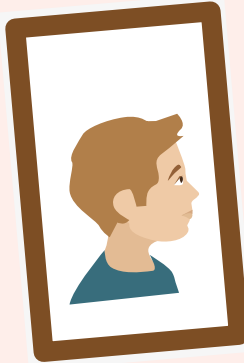
3. Logic
A. There are seven children: six girls and a boy. Each girl has the same brother.
B. There are three generations of the same family: grandfather, father and son. The man in the middle is both a father and a son.
2. "Other" people: grandmother; great-grandmother; mother-in-law; brother-in-law; stepmother; half-brother



Family and friends

Hier finden Sie wesentliches Vokabular auf Sprachniveau B1–B2.

MEDIUM AUDIO PLUS



SEEKING ADOPTION

Oliver (2) and Paul (8) are waiting for their “forever family”. The siblings are close, and we wish to place them together in a home where they will be the only children. This will be an “open adoption” – with support, the children will continue to stay in contact by letter with their birth mother and two half-siblings. Oliver and Paul are doing well with a foster family and are ready to find their loving, supportive “forever family”.

1. HOW MANY CHILDREN?

How many children does Oliver and Paul’s birth mother have in total?

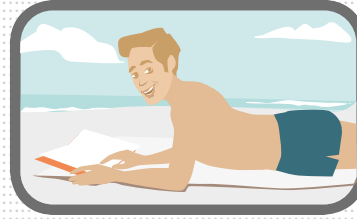
DIFFERENT FAMILIES

- adopted child** ➤ Adoptivkind
- adoptive parents** ➤ Adoptiveltern
- biological parent, birth parent** ➤ biologischer Elternteil, leiblicher Elternteil
- blended family** ➤ Patchwork-Familie
- child from a previous relationship** [ˈpri:vɪəs] ➤ Kind aus einer früheren Beziehung
- extended family** ➤ Großfamilie
- forever family** ➤ Adoptivfamilie
- foster parents** ➤ Pflegeeltern
- nuclear family** [ˈnju:kliə] ➤ Kleinfamilie
- single-parent family** ➤ Familie mit nur einem Elternteil

Answer
1. How many children?
Oliver and Paul’s birth
mother has **four** children
in total.

GOOD FRIENDS AND FAMILY

- caring** ➤ fürsorglich
- close** ➤ eng, nahestehend
- loving** ➤ liebevoll
- protective** ➤ beschützend
- stable** ➤ stabil
- supportive** ➤ unterstützend, fördernd



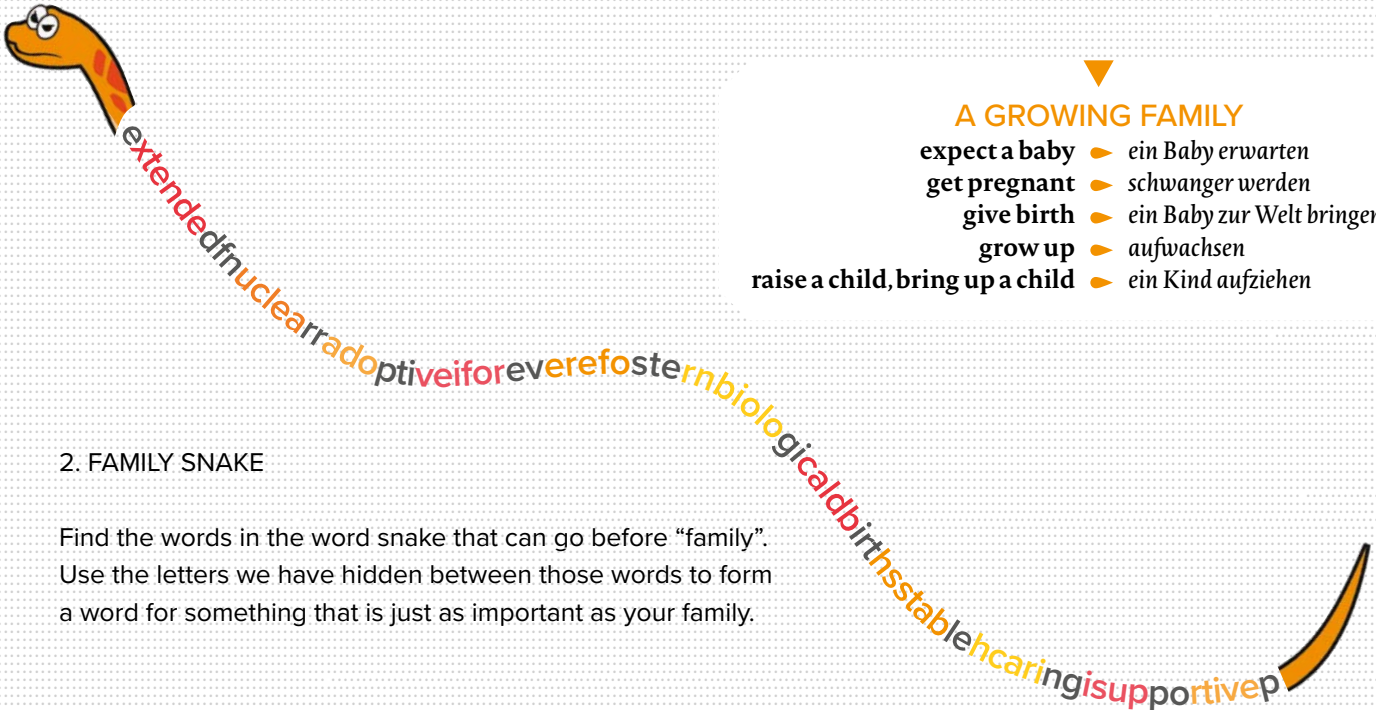
MAKING FRIENDS

- develop a friendship** ➤ eine Freundschaft entwickeln
- firm friends** ➤ enge Freunde
- friends for life** ➤ Freunde fürs Leben
- get on UK, get along N. Am.** ➤ miteinander auskommen
- get to know** ➤ kennenlernen
- meet (up)** ➤ sich treffen
- see each other** ➤ sich treffen
- spend time together** ➤ Zeit miteinander verbringen
- stay in contact** ➤ in Kontakt bleiben



A GROWING FAMILY

- expect a baby** ➤ ein Baby erwarten
- get pregnant** ➤ schwanger werden
- give birth** ➤ ein Baby zur Welt bringen
- grow up** ➤ aufwachsen
- raise a child, bring up a child** ➤ ein Kind aufziehen



2. FAMILY SNAKE

Find the words in the word snake that can go before “family”.
Use the letters we have hidden between those words to form a word for something that is just as important as your family.

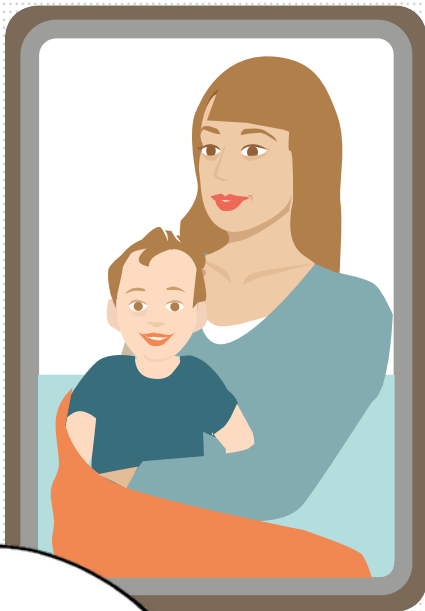
Answers
2. Family snake
extended; nuclear; adoptive;
foster; biological; birth;
stable; caring; supportive
Friendship is just as important as
your family.



Family and friends

Hier finden Sie wesentliches Vokabular auf Sprachniveau C1–C2.

ADVANCED PLUS



Nearest and dearest are doing my head in today. Kids squabbling, annoying dog. The joys of single parenthood! 😓 Due at Mum's for "family conference" this pm?! Juggling work, dear children and beloved mother like a poster woman for the sandwich generation... but no time to make sandwich. 😞 Speak soon. Could do with a listening ear / shoulder to cry on

1. WHAT AM I?

Find the phrase in the text message above that means "a typical example of a woman with family responsibilities for children *and* elderly parents".

I am

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Answer
1. What am I?
I am a poster woman
for the sandwich
generation.

THOSE WE LOVE

beloved mother [bi'lʌvɪd]	➤ geliebte Mutter
bosom buddies ifml.	➤ Busenfreunde,-freundinnen
close-knit family [ˌkləʊs 'nɪt]	➤ enger Familienverband
family ties	➤ familiäre Bindungen
kith and kin	➤ (mit) Kind und Kegel
loved ones	➤ die Lieben
nearest and dearest	➤ die Allerliebsten
next of kin	➤ nächste Angehörige
partner in crime	➤ Komplize, Komplizin

WAR AND PEACE

- bickering** ➤ Streiterei, Zankerei
- domestic abuse, domestic violence** ➤ häusliche Gewalt
- domestic bliss** (often ironic) ➤ Familienglück
- dysfunctional family** [dis'fʌŋkʃənəl] ➤ Problemfamilie
- family feud** [fju:d] ➤ Familienfehde
- generation gap** ➤ Generationenkonflikt
- sibling rivalry** ['raɪvəlrɪ] ➤ Rivalität zwischen Geschwistern
- squabbling** ['skwɒbəlɪŋ] ➤ Streiterei, Hickhack
- the joys of parenthood** ➤ die Freuden der Elternschaft

A GOOD FRIEND

- a listening ear** ➤ ein offenes Ohr
- a shoulder to cry on** ➤ eine Schulter zum Ausweinen
- confidante** ['kɒnfɪdənt] ➤ Vertraute
- someone to lean on** ➤ jmd., auf den man sich stützen kann
- support network** ➤ Unterstützungsnetzwerk, soziale Beziehungen

FAMILY ROLES

- breadwinner, main earner** ➤ Hauptverdiener(in)
- family commitments** ➤ familiäre Verpflichtungen
- homemaker N. Am.** ➤ Hausfrau, Hausmann
- juggling family and work** ➤ Jonglieren mit Familie und Beruf
- nurturer** ['nɜ:tʃərə], **caregiver** ➤ Erzieher(in), Betreuer(in)
- sandwich generation** ➤ Sandwich-, Zwischengeneration
- shared parenting** ➤ Wechselmodell, Betreuung gemeinsamer Kinder
- traditional gender roles** ['dʒendə ,rəʊlz] ➤ traditionelle Geschlechterrollen



2. WHAT A JOKE!

A

Choose the best punchline for these jokes.

- A. The best kind of family is a large, caring, close-knit family...
1. ...in another city.
 2. ...with traditional gender roles.
- B. My girlfriend came to me in tears because she'd snapped the heel off one of her shoes. She just needed...
1. ...someone to lean on.
 2. ...a listening ear.
- C. A dysfunctional family is any family...
1. ...that doesn't have a breadwinner.
 2. ...consisting of more than one person.

heel

➤ Absatz

punchline

➤ Pointe

snap sth. off

➤ etw. abbrechen

Answers
2. What a joke!
A-1; B-1; C-2

Food

In diesem Themenblock dreht sich alles ums Essen – aber fällt Ihnen zu einem Leckerbissen auch immer gleich die richtige englische Bezeichnung ein? Auf den folgenden sechs Seiten finden Sie die wichtigsten Wörter und Wendungen rund um Nahrung und Genuss. Von LYNDIA HÜBNER







Food

Hier finden Sie wesentliches Vokabular auf Sprachniveau A2.

EASY AUDIO PLUS

Alle Übungen aus dem Heft können Sie hier auch online und interaktiv machen



Diesen Dialog hier kostenlos anhören!
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Guess who's coming to dinner?

Mia: Did I tell you Lucas is bringing his new girlfriend round for dinner at Mum's on Sunday?

Noah: Great – looking forward to meeting her.

Mia: Mum's really nervous because Padma's vegetarian and Mum doesn't know what to cook.

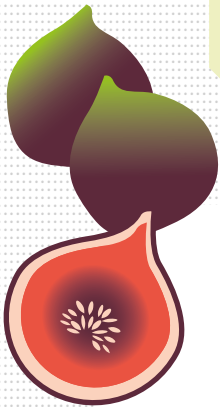
Noah: Yes, Mum is a rather traditional "meat-and-two-veg" sort of cook, isn't she?

Mia: I gave her a fantastic recipe for aubergines with yogurt, garlic and pomegranate seeds, but she looked at it as if I was trying to poison the family!

Noah: I don't know what you're all worrying about. Why not order takeaway pizzas and let everyone choose their own?

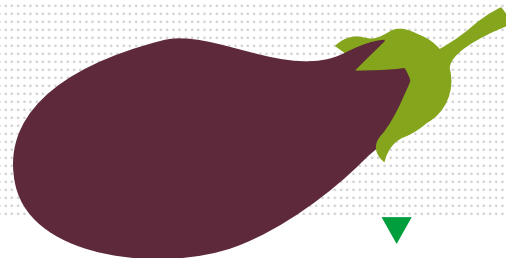
1. WHICH IS CORRECT?

- A. Padma is allergic to dairy products.
B. Padma doesn't eat meat products.



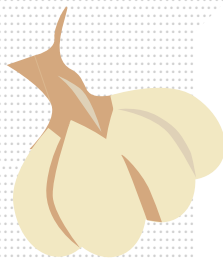
FRUIT

apricot	➤	Aprikose
blackberry	➤	Brombeere
fig	➤	Feige
pineapple	➤	Ananas
plum	➤	Pflaume
pomegranate ['pɒmɪgrænət]	➤	Granatapfel
rhubarb ['ru:bɑ:b]	➤	Rhabarber



VEGETABLES

aubergine UK, eggplant N. Am.	➤	Aubergine
cabbage	➤	Kohl
cauliflower ['kɒlɪ,flaʊə]	➤	Blumenkohl
celery	➤	Stangensellerie
courgette [kɔ:'ʒet] UK, zucchini N. Am.	➤	Zucchini
garlic	➤	Knoblauch
leek	➤	Lauch
spring onion UK, scallion N. Am.	➤	Frühlingszwiebel



Answer 1. Which is correct?
Sentence B is correct.
Padma is vegetarian.

recipe ['resɪpi]
➤ (Koch)Rezept

MEAT

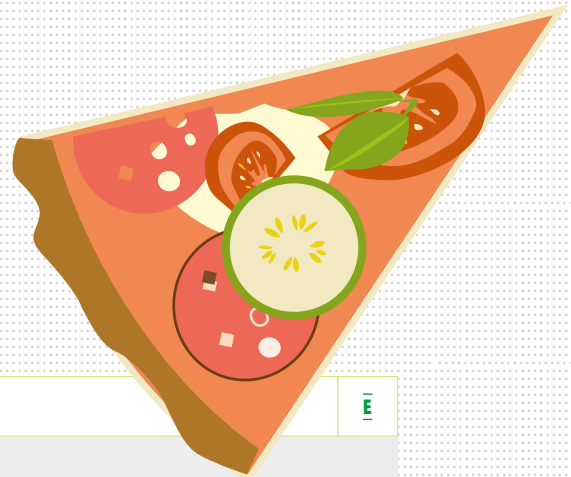
- beef** ➤ Rindfleisch
- chicken** ➤ Huhn, Hühnerfleisch
- ham** ➤ Schinken
- lamb** ➤ Lamm(fleisch)
- pork** ➤ Schweinefleisch
- prawn** ➤ Garnele
- veal** ➤ Kalbfleisch

MEALS

- breakfast** ➤ Frühstück
- dinner** ➤ Mittag-, Abendessen
- home-cooked meal** ➤ selbst gekochtes Gericht
- lunch** ➤ Mittagessen
- ready meal UK,**
- TV dinner N. Am.** ➤ Fertiggericht
- snack** ➤ Imbiss, kleine Zwischenmahlzeit
- supper** ➤ Abendessen
- takeaway UK,**
- takeout N. Am.** ➤ Essen zum Mitnehmen

SPECIAL DIETS

- allergic to** ➤ allergisch gegen
- dairy product** ➤ Milchprodukt
- gluten-free** ➤ glutenfrei
- nut allergy** ➤ Nussallergie
- on a diet** ['daɪət] ➤ auf Diät
- vegan** ['vi:ɡən] ➤ Veganer(in), vegan
- vegetarian** [,vedʒə'teəriən] ➤ Vegetarier(in), vegetarisch

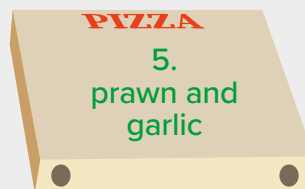
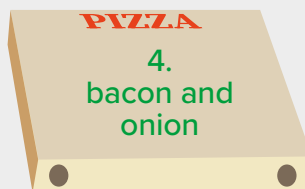
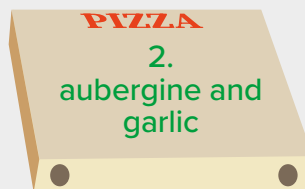
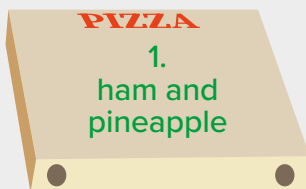


2. WHO ORDERED WHICH PIZZA?

E

Read the information below and choose the right pizza for each person.

- Lucas loves spicy food – the hotter, the better!
 - Padma is vegetarian.
 - Mia doesn't eat pork of any kind.
 - Mia's mum is very traditional and doesn't mix sweet and savoury tastes.
 - Noah is allergic to garlic.
- A. Lucas ordered pizza number .
 - B. Padma ordered pizza number .
 - C. Mia ordered pizza number .
 - D. Mia's mum ordered pizza number .
 - E. Noah ordered pizza number .



- savoury** ['seɪvəri]
➤ pikant, herzhaft
- spicy**
➤ würzig, scharf

Answers
2. Who ordered which
pizza?
A-3; B-2; C-5; D-4;
E-1



Food

Hier finden Sie wesentliches Vokabular auf Sprachniveau B1–B2.

MEDIUM PLUS

Shortbread biscuits

Ingredients

- 225 g soft butter
- 115 g sugar
- 1 tsp vanilla extract
- 300 g plain flour
- 1 tbsp milk

Instructions

Preheat the oven to 180 °C / 350 °F.

Cream together the butter, sugar and vanilla in a large mixing bowl.

Add the flour and mix until it looks like fine breadcrumbs.

Add the milk and mix until a dough is formed.

Roll out between two sheets of baking paper and cut out shapes.

Place on a baking tray lined with baking paper or silicone mat.

Bake for 15 minutes, or until lightly golden.

Leave to cool – and enjoy!

1. WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

In a list of ingredients, a “tbsp” is a **teaspoon / tablespoon**. It measures **5 ml / 15 ml**.

COOKING INSTRUCTIONS

- add** ➤ hinzufügen
- chop** ➤ hacken
- cream together** ➤ schaumig rühren
- form a dough** [dəʊ] ➤ einen Teig formen
- grate** ➤ reiben
- mix** ➤ mischen
- roll out** ➤ ausrollen
- stir** [stɜ:] ➤ rühren

breadcrumbs

➤ Brotkrumen

ingredient

[ɪnˈɡriːdiənt]
➤ Zutat

plain flour

UK
➤ gewöhnliches Weizenmehl

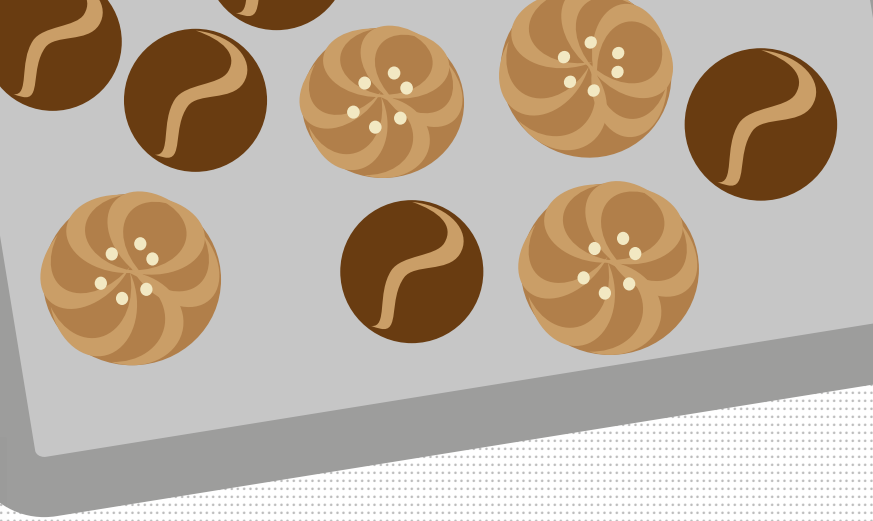
preheat

➤ vorheizen

Answers
1. What does it mean?
In a list of ingredients, a “tbsp” is a **teaspoon**. It measures **5 ml**.

BAKING UTENSILS

- baking paper** ➤ Backpapier
- baking tray** ➤ Backblech
- food processor** ➤ Küchenmaschine, Mixer
- hand mixer** ➤ Handrührgerät
- mixing bowl** ➤ Rührschüssel
- rolling pin** ➤ Teigrolle, Nudelholz
- scales** ➤ Waage
- silicone mat** ➤ Silikon-Backmatte



COOKING UTENSILS

chopping board	➤ Schneidebrett
frying pan	➤ Bratpfanne
saucepan ['sɔ:spən]	➤ Koch-, Stieltopf
sharp knife	➤ scharfes Messer
tin opener UK, can opener N. Am.	➤ Dosenöffner

WAYS OF COOKING

bake	➤ backen
boil	➤ kochen
fry	➤ braten, frittieren
grill	➤ grillen
roast	➤ braten
steam	➤ dämpfen
toast	➤ toasten, rösten

TALKING ABOUT FOOD

creamy	➤ sahnig, cremig
delicious [di'li:ʃəs]	➤ köstlich
salty	➤ salzig
savoury ['seivəri]	➤ pikant, herzhaft
spicy, hot	➤ würzig, scharf
sweet	➤ süß
tasty	➤ schmackhaft

2. CORRECT THE MISTAKES

In each section of the recipe below, there's one mistake. Cross out the mistake and replace it with the correct measurement or word to complete this recipe for Parmesan biscuits.

Savoury Parmesan biscuits

- Mix 100 kilograms of butter, 100 grams of grated Parmesan, 100 grams of plain flour and salt and pepper in a food processor until the mixture forms a dough.
- Make a 15-centimetre disc with the flour. Wrap in baking paper and refrigerate for one hour.
- Roll out the dough between two sheets of newspaper until 0.5-centimetre thick. Then cut out biscuit shapes.
- Preheat the oven to 180 °C. Line two chopping boards with baking paper and place the biscuits on the tray.
- Bake for six to eight hours, or until golden.

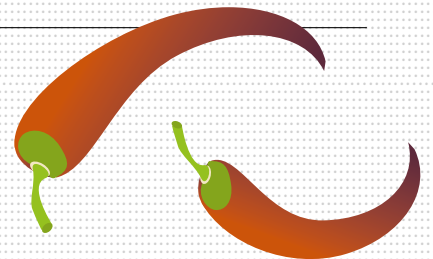
refrigerate

[ri'frɪdʒəreɪt]
• (im Kühlschrank)
kühlen, kalt stellen

- Answers
2. Correct the mistakes
A. kilograms → grams
B. flour → dough
C. newspaper → baking paper
D. chopping boards → baking trays
E. hours → minutes



Food



Hier finden Sie wesentliches Vokabular auf Sprachniveau C1–C2.

ADVANCED AUDIO PLUS

DON'T THROW IT AWAY!

More than 88 million tonnes of food are wasted in the EU every year, with more than half coming from households. More than one-third of the world's food never makes it to our plates. It ends up in the bin – because it's past its sell-by date or thrown away as an excessive purchase. An estimated one in nine people on this planet – more than 800 million! – don't have enough to eat. These people could be fed on less than a quarter of the food that is wasted in the US and Europe each year. The environmental consequences of all this food waste are also severe. The global food system is responsible for as much as 30 per cent of our global greenhouse gas emissions.

1. WHICH STATEMENT IS INCORRECT?

- A. In EU households, more than 40 million tonnes of food are wasted annually.
- B. Worldwide, one per cent of people don't have enough food to eat.

CRITICIZING FOOD

bland	➤	fade, langweilig
greasy	➤	fettig, schmierig
inedible [ɪn'edəbəl]	➤	nicht essbar, ungenießbar
lumpy	➤	klumpig
rancid	➤	ranzig
raw	➤	roh
sour ['saʊə]	➤	sauer
tough [tʌf]	➤	hart, zäh
undercooked / overcooked	➤	nicht durch(gebraten), nicht gar / zerkocht
underripe / overripe	➤	unreif / überreif

FOOD LABELS

allergen ['ælədʒən]	➤	Allergen
best-before date UK, freshness date N. Am.	➤	Mindesthaltbarkeitsdatum
carbohydrates [ˌkɑːbəʊˈhaɪdreɪts]	➤	Kohlenhydrate
nutrition information [njuː'triʃən ɪnfə'meɪʃən]	➤	Nährwertangaben
protein ['prəʊtiːn]	➤	Protein, Eiweiß
saturated fats ['sætʃəreɪtɪd]	➤	gesättigte Fettsäuren
sell-by / use-by date UK, expiration date N. Am.	➤	Haltbarkeits-, Verfallsdatum

bin UK
➤ Mülltonne

excessive
➤ überschüssig, zu viel

greenhouse gas
➤ Treibhausgas

severe [sɪ'vɪə]
➤ schwerwiegend

Answers
1. Which statement is incorrect?
Answer B is incorrect. According to the Food Aid Foundation, one in nine people didn't have enough to eat in 2020 – that's about 11 per cent of the world's population.

Work

„Und was machen Sie?“ Wenn beim Small Talk auf Englisch diese Frage fällt, sollten Sie das nötige Vokabular parat haben, um sie zu beantworten. Auf den folgenden sechs Seiten finden Sie die wichtigsten Begriffe zum Thema Arbeit und Beruf.

Von VANESSA CLARK







Work

Hier finden Sie wesentliches Vokabular auf Sprachniveau A2.

EASY PLUS



The ten hottest jobs for men!

Which men's jobs get the most swipes on dating sites?

1. pilot
2. CEO, business owner
3. firefighter
4. doctor
5. teacher
6. engineer
7. model
8. paramedic
9. lawyer
10. personal trainer

1.
WHO ARE THEY?

At least three of the men on the list often save lives at work.

Who are they?

A(n)
.....
and
.....
all save lives.

Alle Übungen aus dem Sprachteil können Sie hier auch online und interaktiv machen

WORKING LIFE

- career** [kə'ri:ə] ➤ Karriere; Beruf
- experience** [ɪk'spiəriəns] ➤ Erfahrung
- occupation** [ˌɒkjʊ'peɪʃən] ➤ Beschäftigung, Beruf
- position** ➤ Stelle
- profession** ➤ Beruf
- promotion** ➤ Beförderung
- qualifications** ➤ Qualifikationen
- role** ➤ Funktion, Stellung
- work-life balance** ➤ ausgewogenes Verhältnis zwischen Berufs- und Privatleben

PROFESSIONS

- administrator** ➤ Verwalter(in)
- carer, care assistant** ➤ Pflegekraft
- delivery driver** ➤ Auslieferungsfahrer(in)
- editor** ➤ Redakteur(in), Lektor(in)
- engineer** [ˌendʒɪ'nɪə] ➤ Ingenieur(in)
- firefighter** ➤ Feuerwehrmann, -frau
- lawyer** ['lɔ:jə] ➤ Rechtsanwalt, -anwältin
- nurse** ➤ Krankenpfleger(in)
- paramedic** [ˌpærə'medɪk] ➤ Rettungssanitäter(in)
- personal trainer** ➤ Fitnesstrainer(in)
- researcher** [ri'sɜ:tʃə] ➤ Wissenschaftler(in), Forscher(in)
- shop assistant UK,**
- sales clerk N. Am.** ➤ Verkäufer(in)
- technician** [tek'nɪʃən] ➤ Techniker(in)

Answers
1. Who are they?
A doctor, a firefighter
and a paramedic all
save lives.

dating site
➤ Partnerbörse

swipe
➤ Wischen (auf dem Display)

PEOPLE IN A COMPANY

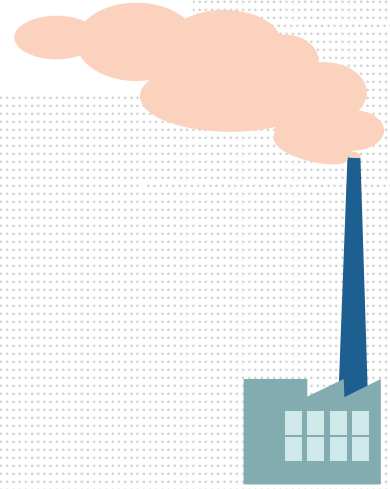
- apprentice** [ə'prentɪs] ➤ Auszubildende(r), Lehrling
- CEO (chief executive officer)** ➤ Geschäftsführer(in)
- co-worker, colleague** ['kɒli:g] ➤ Arbeitskollege, -kollegin
- employee** [ɪm'plɔɪi:] ➤ Angestellte(r), Mitarbeiter(in)
- employer** [ɪm'plɔɪə] ➤ Arbeitgeber(in)
- head of department, team leader** ➤ Abteilungs-/Gruppenleiter(in)
- intern** ['ɪntɜ:n] ➤ Praktikant(in)
- owner** ➤ Inhaber(in)
- staff** [stɑ:f] ➤ Personal

EMPLOYMENT STATUS

- be your own boss** ➤ sein eigener Chef sein
- employed** ➤ beschäftigt, angestellt
- freelance** ➤ freiberuflich
- full-time** ➤ Vollzeit
- part-time** ➤ Teilzeit
- run your own company** ➤ ein eigenes Unternehmen führen
- self-employed** ➤ selbstständig
- work for a company** ➤ für eine Firma arbeiten

WORKPLACES

- building site, construction site** ➤ Baustelle
- call centre** ➤ Kundenkontaktcenter
- factory** ➤ Fabrik
- head office, headquarters** ➤ Hauptniederlassung
- lab [læb] ifml., laboratory** [lə'bɒrətəri] ➤ Labor
- office** ➤ Büro
- warehouse** ➤ Lagerhaus, Lagerhalle



2. FIND THE JOB

E

Complete the questions that Len asks a colleague on his first day in a new job. Write the answers in the grid. Then read the word in the highlighted column. What's Len's job?

- A. Do people here have a good work-life ?
- B. Do you work part-time or -time?
- C. What's your in the organization?
- D. Do the bosses treat the well?
- E. Is everyone employed here, or are some people ?

A.										
B.										
C.										
D.										
E.										

column ['kɒləm]
• Spalte

grid
• Raster

highlighted
['haɪlaɪtɪd]
• hervorgehoben, markiert

Answers
2. Find the job
A. balance
B. full
C. role
D. staff
E. freelance
Len is a nurse.



Work

Hier finden Sie wesentliches Vokabular auf Sprachniveau B1–B2.

MEDIUM PLUS

Looking for work?
Join our friendly team!
Must have experience
in hospitality.

Do not apply if you'll need nights
off because your band is playing in a
bar!

Do not apply if you'll need week-
ends off to visit your sick grandma!

Do not apply if you just want to
work for a few weeks before you go
travelling!

1.
CHOOSE THE RIGHT
WORDS

The restaurant owner has probably had **good**
/ **bad** experiences in the past with
younger / **older** staff.

JOB FLEXIBILITY

- day off** ➤ freier Tag
- flexitime** ➤ Gleitzeit
- hybrid working**
[ˌhaɪbrɪd 'wɜːkɪŋ] ➤ Hybridarbeit
- job-sharing** ➤ Stellenteilung
- overtime** ➤ Überstunde(n)
- shift** ➤ Schicht

JOB SEARCH

- apply for a job** ➤ sich um eine Stelle bewerben
- current position / role** ➤ aktuelle Position / Funktion
- CV (curriculum vitae)**
[kəˌrɪkjʊləm 'vɪtəɪ] UK,
- résumé** ['rezjumeɪ] N. Am. ➤ Lebenslauf
- employment agency**
[ɪm'plɔɪmənt] ➤ Arbeitsagentur
- give notice** ➤ kündigen
- job offer** ➤ Stellenangebot
- previous position / role**
['pri:vɪəs] ➤ vorherige Position / Funktion
- probationary period**
[prə'beɪʃənəri ˌpɪəriəd] ➤ Probezeit
- sign a contract** ➤ einen Vertrag unterzeichnen
- vacancy** ➤ Stellenangebot

Answers
1. Choose the right words
The restaurant owner
has probably had **bad**
experiences in the past
with **younger** staff.

IDEAL QUALITIES IN A CANDIDATE

- adaptability** [ə,dæptə'biləti] ➤ Anpassungsfähigkeit
- ambition** ➤ Ehrgeiz
- can-do attitude** [,kæn 'du: ,ætɪtju:d] ifml. ➤ Anpackermentalität
- confidence** ➤ Selbstvertrauen
- flexibility** ➤ Flexibilität
- interpersonal skills** ➤ soziale Kompetenz
- loyalty** ['lɔɪəlti] ➤ Loyalität
- relevant experience** ➤ einschlägige Erfahrung
- willingness to learn** ➤ Lernbereitschaft

BUSINESS SECTORS

- agriculture** ➤ Landwirtschaft
- construction** ➤ Bau(wesen)
- healthcare** ➤ Gesundheitswesen
- hospitality** [,hɒspɪ'tæləti] ➤ Gastgewerbe
- logistics** [lɒ'dʒɪstɪks] ➤ Logistik
- manufacturing** [ˌmænjʊ'fæktʃəriŋ] ➤ Produktion, Herstellung
- publishing** ➤ Verlagswesen
- retail** ['ri:teɪl] ➤ Einzelhandel



PARTS OF A BUSINESS

- accounting and finance** ➤ Finanz- und Rechnungswesen
- customer service** ➤ Kundendienst
- distribution** ➤ Distribution, Vertrieb
- human resources (HR)** ➤ Personalabteilung
- IT support** ➤ EDV-Unterstützung
- marketing** ➤ Marketing
- operations** ➤ operativer Betrieb
- production** ➤ Produktion
- research and development (R&D)** ➤ Forschung und Entwicklung
- sales** ➤ Vertrieb

2. LOGIC PUZZLE



Judy, Wendy and Phil are friends. They work in different sectors of the economy: one in hospitality, one in publishing and one in the retail sector. They have different roles within their companies: one works in R&D, one in HR and one in accounts.

Who has which role in which sector? Use the information below to work it out.

- Wendy would love to develop new products, but she can't do that in her current job.
- Phil works for a company that has a chain of health food shops.
- The person who meets a lot of authors in their job deals with contracts.
- Judy deals with invoices and makes sure salaries are paid.

invoice ['ɪnvɔɪsɪs]

➤ Rechnung

salary ['sæləri]

➤ Gehalt

Judy works in publishing.
Wendy works in HR in accounts in hospitality.
Phil works in R&D in retail.

Answers
2. Logic puzzle



Work

Hier finden Sie wesentliches Vokabular auf Sprachniveau C1–C2.

ADVANCED AUDIO PLUS

A problem at work

- Senior manager: How are you getting on with your new team member?
- Manager: Craig? Oh, he's a bit useless, to be honest. He never uses his initiative, he does the bare minimum, and the only time he goes the extra mile is to collect the takeaway coffees.
- Senior manager: Oh, dear! He came across so well at the interview. It sounds like we need to have a word with him at his next appraisal meeting.
- Manager: We can't give him the sack.
- Senior manager: Why not? He's still in his probationary period and it sounds like he's not meeting our expectations.
- Manager: Because he sells home-made cakes in the foyer at break time. If you let him go, everyone will go on strike!

1. WHICH IS CORRECT?

- A. Craig is a slacker with a side hustle.
- B. Craig is an employee who exceeds expectations.

WORKERS' RIGHTS

- annual holiday allowance** ['ænjʊəl] ➤ jährlicher Urlaubsanspruch
- equal opportunities** ➤ Chancengleichheit
- fair appraisal** ➤ unvoreingenommene Beurteilung
- go on strike** ➤ streiken, in Streik treten
- join a union** ➤ der Gewerkschaft beitreten
- maternity / paternity leave** ➤ Mutterschafts- / Vaterschaftsurlaub
- pension enrolment** ➤ Anmeldung in der Rentenversicherung
- sick pay** ➤ Krankengeld, Lohnfortzahlungen

PROBLEMS AT WORK

- discrimination** [diskrimi'neiʃən] ➤ Diskriminierung
- illegal working practices** [i'li:ɡəl] ➤ rechtswidrige Arbeitspraktiken
- sexual harassment** [,sekʃʊəl 'hærəsmənt] ➤ sexuelle Belästigung
- unfair dismissal** ➤ ungerechtfertigte Entlassung

Answer
1. Which is correct?
Sentence A is correct.
Craig is a slacker with
a side hustle.

foyer ['fɔɪə]
➤ Eingangsbereich,
Eingangshalle



HIRING

- be headhunted** ➤ abgeworben werden
- be shortlisted** ➤ in die engere Wahl kommen
- come across well at an interview** ➤ bei einem Bewerbungsgespräch einen guten Eindruck machen
- hire sb., take sb. on** ➤ jmdn. einstellen
- recruitment process** ➤ Einstellungsverfahren

FIRING

- be fired, get the sack ifml.** ➤ gefeuert werden
- be made redundant UK** ➤ gekündigt werden
- let sb. go** ➤ jmdn. entlassen
- take early retirement** ➤ in den Vorruhestand gehen
- terminate sb.'s employment** ➤ das Beschäftigungsverhältnis beenden

GETTING THE JOB DONE

- come in under budget** ➤ unter dem Budget bleiben
- exceed expectations** ➤ Erwartungen übertreffen
- exceed targets** ➤ Ziele übertreffen
- fulfil a contract** ➤ einen Vertrag erfüllen
- go the extra mile** ➤ sich besonders anstrengen
- hit targets** ➤ Ziele erreichen
- meet deadlines** ➤ Termine einhalten
- use your initiative** ➤ Eigeninitiative ergreifen

NOT GETTING THE JOB DONE

- do the bare minimum** ➤ nur das Allernotwendigste tun
- gross misconduct** ➤ grobes Fehlverhalten
- have your fingers in the till** ➤ sich an der Kasse vergreifen
- side hustle** ['saɪd ,hʌsəl] ifml. ➤ Nebengeschäft
- slacker, skiver UK ifml.** ➤ Nichtstuer(in), Drückeberger(in)
- violate company policy** ➤ gegen Unternehmensgrundsätze verstoßen

2. WORK JOKES

A

Match the two parts of the jokes. Can you explain them to yourself?

- | | |
|--|--|
| A. <input type="checkbox"/> I lost my job at the calendar factory because... | 1. ...I got the sack. |
| B. <input type="checkbox"/> I had to stop working as a taxi driver because... | 2. ...I got fired. |
| C. <input type="checkbox"/> I worked at the circus as a human cannonball, but... | 3. ...I took too many days off. |
| D. <input type="checkbox"/> I used to be a postman, but... | 4. ...I wasn't flexible enough. |
| E. <input type="checkbox"/> I applied for a job as a yoga instructor, but they said... | 5. ...I still had to go in the next day. |
| F. <input type="checkbox"/> I got fired from the unemployment office, but... | 6. ...I always tried to go the extra mile. |

Answers
2. Work jokes
D-1; C-2; B-6; A-3; E-4; F-5

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Top ten tips

Did you notice the coloured initials on this page? If you read them in order, they form a word that means "all the words used in a particular language".

In diesem Heft finden Sie Hunderte von nützlichen Wörtern – aber wie merkt man sie sich am besten? LYNDA HÜBNER hat zehn effektive Tipps, mit denen Sie spielerisch Vokabeln lernen.

MEDIUM

Video clips on YouTube are a great way to improve your vocabulary. There are lots of videos that present and practise words by topic. You can find out about the different varieties of English, too – American versus British words and phrases, or Australian slang, for example.

Under your nose is the best place for words that you want to learn. Write a "word of the day" on a Post-it and stick it on to your bathroom mirror or your coffee machine. By the end of the day, you'll know the word and you can replace it with a new one the next morning.

Online learning tools and apps provide a wealth of fun ways to consolidate and extend your vocabulary. The English Club website, for example, deals with lots of topics, giving the words in context and providing practice activities (www.englishclub.com/vocabulary).

Little and often" is the key to learning vocabulary. Our brains can take in only a limited number of words at a time. Try to set a time to do this every day – five minutes when you're on public transport, during your coffee break or just before you go to sleep at night.

Choose words to learn that are useful to you in real situations. If you don't drive a car, you won't need to know the word "gearbox", and only a sewing enthusiast needs the word "thimble". Which words do you need that other learners don't? It's a question worth thinking about.

Always remember that some words go together more than others. For example, "fast" has a similar meaning to "quick", but we never say "quick food", only "fast food". So, it's best to learn two- or three-word combinations, so-called collocations, as well as single words.

consolidate

[kən'sɒlɪdeɪt]

• festigen

enable

[ɪn'eɪbəl]

• in die Lage versetzen

gearbox

['gɪəbɒks]

• Getriebe

ingredient

[ɪn'grɪ:diənt]

• Zutat

lyrics

['lɪrɪks]

• Songtext(e)

sew

[səʊ]

• nähen

thimble

['θɪmbəl]

• Fingerhut

versus

['vɜ:səs]

• gegenüber, im Vergleich zu

Activate your learning! Set yourself little tasks to do each day. Write your to-do list in English, for example, or count how many things you can name on your way to work every day. Name as many ingredients or kitchen utensils as you can while you're cooking.

Relax! In your search for new words, start off with something that's easy and fun, something that interests you personally. Your starting point could be a fan site, a Facebook group for a favourite hobby or sport, an online quiz or the lyrics to your favourite song.

Be creative in how you learn words. Sing them, shout them, record them on your phone, draw them or play games with them! Practising vocabulary isn't just about reading and repeating word lists – there are more exciting ways to learn new words. You'll find ideas for five easy games on the next page.

You are the most important subject of most conversations, so make sure you collect words that will enable you to talk about yourself – your home, your last holiday, health and hobbies, your job, the members of your family, special interests and personal opinions.



Play with words!

Das Wichtigste beim Vokabellernen ist der Spaßfaktor: VANESSA CLARK präsentiert unkomplizierte Lernspiele, für die Sie nichts weiter brauchen als Papier und Bleistift.

EASY

WORD BINGO

This version of bingo uses words instead of numbers – so you have to guess which words you will see or hear. If you want to practise words for food and cooking, find a recipe online, for example for vegetable soup. Before you look at the recipe, write down nine words that you think you'll see there. Then, read the recipe and cross out the words on your card that you guessed correctly. Can you make a line of three?

BINGO: vegetable soup recipe		
ingredients	<u>chop</u>	fry
onion	<u>leek</u>	salt
carrot	<u>celery</u>	serve

Try it now! Which word group would you like to practise? Choose a place you can find those words in real life. Which words do you think you'll find?

BINGO		

celery ['seləri]

• Sellerie

chop

• hacken

leek

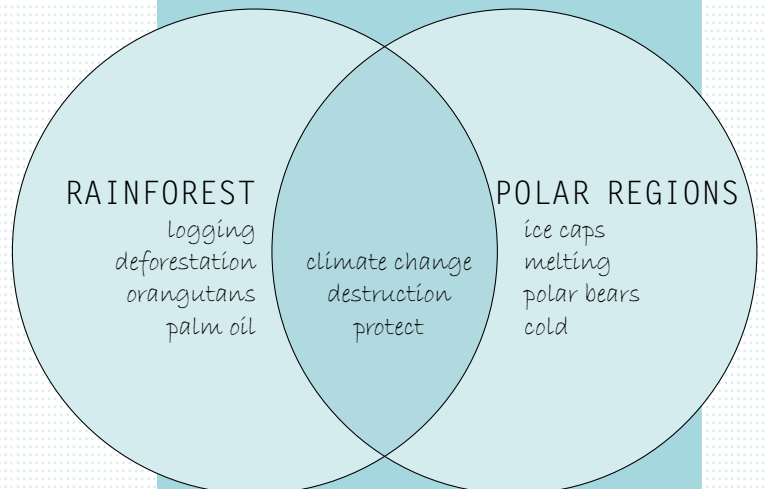
• Lauch

recipe ['resəpi]

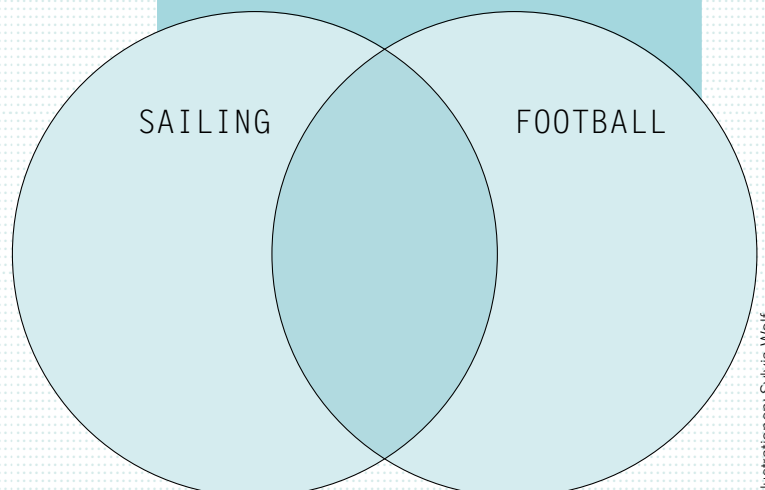
• (Koch)Rezept

COMPARE AND CONTRAST

Choose a pair of words from the same word field. (Tip: two nouns are easiest.) Then ask yourself: what do these two things have in common and what are their differences? Let's take "rainforest" and "polar regions" as an example:



Now, try it with these two words:



MAKE AN ACROSTIC

You can make an acrostic on any topic, like this one on the subject of “family”:

Foster parents

Adoption

Mother-in-law

In-laws

Late husband

Your nearest and dearest

Can you do the same for “nature”?
Look on pages 36–41 for words!

N _____

A _____

T _____

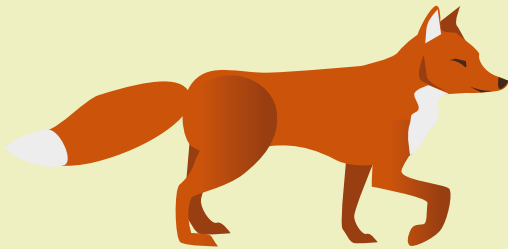
U _____

R _____

E _____

WHAT'S THE QUESTION?

Think of a word. (Tip: if you can't think of a word, open this magazine at a random page.) Let's take “fox” as an example. So, if “fox” is the answer, what's the question? Can you think of three questions that give the answer “fox”?

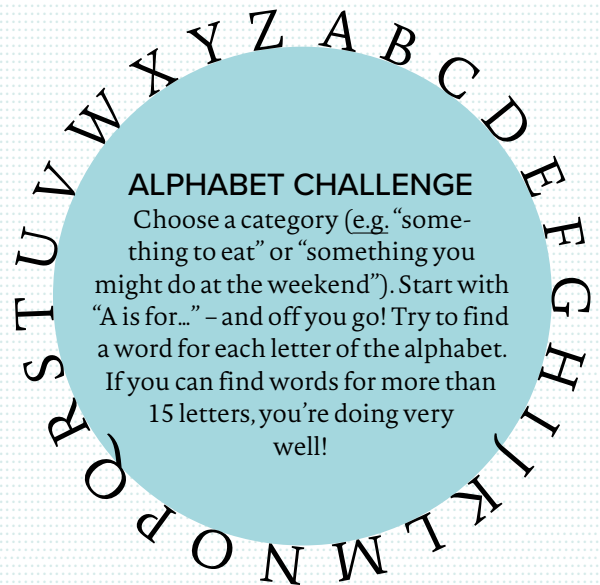


Examples:

- What animal eats the farmer's chickens?
- What animal has reddish-brown fur?
- What animal used to be hunted by horse riders in red jackets?



Can you do the same for the word “wildflower”?

**ALPHABET CHALLENGE**

Choose a category (e.g. “something to eat” or “something you might do at the weekend”). Start with “A is for...” – and off you go! Try to find a word for each letter of the alphabet.

If you can find words for more than 15 letters, you're doing very well!

acrostic [ə'krɒstɪk]

• Akrostichon, Leistenvers

e.g. (exempli gratia)

• z.B.

fur [fɜː]

• Fell

random

• zufällig

Nature and the environment

Umwelt- und Klimaschutz gehören zu den größten Herausforderungen unserer Zeit – aber verfügen Sie über das nötige Vokabular, um über Natur, Umwelt und Klima zu debattieren? Auf den folgenden sechs Seiten finden Sie die wichtigsten Wörter und Wendungen zum Thema.

Von VANESSA CLARK











Nature and the environment

Hier finden Sie wesentliches Vokabular auf Sprachniveau A2.

EASY PLUS



Wildlife workshop – no space too small!

-  Make a mini-garden for wildlife on your balcony or in a window box.
-  Find out which flowers in pots attract the most butterflies and bees.
-  Learn how to make a bird box, a bat box or a bee hotel.
-  Free workshop on 17 May at 11 a.m. – Saxon Road Community Centre

Alle Übungen aus dem Heft können Sie hier auch online und interaktiv machen

1. CHOOSE THE RIGHT OPTION

This workshop is mostly for...

- A. ...people who live in a flat.
- B. ...people who have a garden.

OUR WORLD

- climate** ['klaimət] ➤ Klima
- earth** [ɜ:θ] ➤ Erde
- environment** [ɪn'vaɪrənmənt] ➤ Umwelt
- planet** ➤ Planet
- wildlife** ['waɪldlaɪf] ➤ Tierwelt, Wildtiere

LANDSCAPES

- desert** ['dezət] ➤ Wüste
- forest** ➤ Wald
- mountain** ['maʊntɪn] ➤ Berg
- polar region** ['pəʊlər, rɪ'dʒiən] ➤ Polarregion
- rainforest** ➤ Regenwald
- woods** ➤ Wald, Wälder

attract

➤ anlocken

bat box

➤ Fledermauskasten

bird box

➤ Nistkasten

pot

➤ Topf

window box

➤ Blumenkasten

Answer
1. Choose the right option.
Sentence A. The workshop is mostly for people who live in a flat.



WILD ANIMALS

- amphibian [æm'fɪbiən] ➤ Amphibie
- bird ➤ Vogel
- mammal ➤ Säugetier
- marsupial [mɑ:'su:piəl] ➤ Beuteltier
- reptile ['reptɪl] ➤ Reptil

WATER

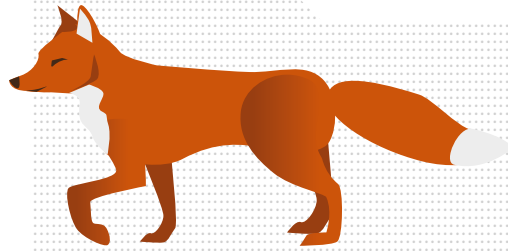
- coast ➤ Küste
- island ['aɪlənd] ➤ Insel
- lake ➤ See
- ocean ['əʊʃən] ➤ Ozean
- river ➤ Fluss
- sea ➤ Meer

PLANTS IN THE WOODS

- fungus ['fʌŋɡəs] ➤ Pilz
- leaf ➤ Blatt
- mushroom ['mʌʃrʊm] ➤ Pilz
- root ➤ Wurzel
- tree ➤ Baum
- wildflower ➤ Wildblume

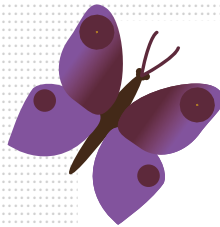
ANIMALS IN THE WOODS

- bat ➤ Fledermaus
- fox ➤ Fuchs
- mouse ➤ Maus
- owl [aʊl] ➤ Eule
- snake ➤ Schlange
- spider ➤ Spinne
- squirrel ['skwɪrəl] ➤ Eichhörnchen
- worm ➤ Wurm



INSECTS

- ant [ænt] ➤ Ameise
- bee ➤ Biene
- beetle ['bi:təl] ➤ Käfer
- butterfly ➤ Schmetterling
- fly ➤ Fliege
- ladybird UK, ladybug N. Am. ➤ Marienkäfer
- wasp [wasp] ➤ Wespe



2. HOW MANY LEGS?

E

A man goes out into his garden and finds a lot of animals there. Look at the list of animals below. How many legs are in the garden all together?

*an owl, a spider, a mouse, an ant,
a snake, a fox, a worm, a ladybird*



Answer
2. How many legs?
There are 32 legs
in the garden. Don't
forget that the man
has two legs, too!
owl (2) + spider (8) +
mouse (4) + ant (6) +
snake (0) + fox (4) +
worm (0) + ladybird (6)
+ man (2) = 32



Nature and the environment

Hier finden Sie wesentliches Vokabular auf Sprachniveau B1–B2.

MEDIUM AUDIO PLUS

In the supermarket

Isla: Can we not buy those biscuits, please, Dad?

Dad: I thought you liked them.

Isla: Yeah, I do, but they've got palm oil in them.

Dad: Oh, I see – is this about the orangutans?

Isla: Yes, the orangutans and the destruction of the rainforest. Also, that plastic packaging doesn't look recyclable.

Dad: OK, see if you can find another brand. Whatever you want is fine by me.

1. CHOOSE THE RIGHT WORD

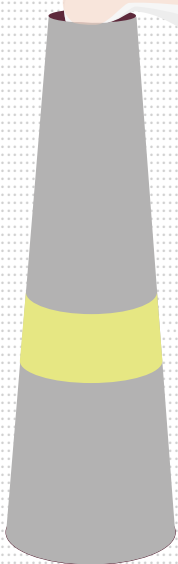
- A. Isla wants to **protect / destroy** the environment.
- B. Isla thinks the packaging is **eco-friendly / non-recyclable**.

NATURAL RESOURCES

air	➤	Luft
crude oil	➤	Rohöl
minerals	➤	Minerale
natural gas	➤	Erdgas
resource [ri'zɔ:s]	➤	Ressource

POLLUTION

air / water pollution	➤	Luft- / Wasserverschmutzung
chemicals ['kemikə'lz]	➤	Chemikalien
particles ['pɑ:tɪkəlz]	➤	Teilchen
particulates [pɑ:'tɪkjələts]	➤	Feinstaub
plastic packaging	➤	Plastikverpackung



Answers
1. Choose the right word
A. protect
B. non-recyclable

brand [brænd]
➤ Marke

ACTIVITIES

- breed** ➤ züchten
- feed** ➤ füttern
- grow** ➤ anbauen, anpflanzen
- hunt** ➤ jagen

IN THE RAINFOREST

- deforestation** [di: fɔri 'steɪʃən] ➤ Kahlschlag, Waldzerstörung
- destroy** ➤ zerstören
- destruction** ➤ Zerstörung
- logging** ➤ Abholzung
- orangutan** [ɔ: 'ræŋətæn] ➤ Orang-Utan
- palm oil** ['pɑ:m ɔɪl] ➤ Palmöl
- protect** ➤ schützen

EXTREME WEATHER

- drought** [draʊt] ➤ Dürre, Trockenperiode
- floods** [flʌdz] ➤ Hochwasser
- heatwave** ➤ Hitzewelle
- hurricane** ['hʌrɪkən] ➤ Wirbelsturm
- storm** ➤ Sturm
- typhoon** [taɪ'fu:n] ➤ Taifun

GASES

- carbon dioxide** [ˌkɑ:bən daɪ'ɒksaɪd] ➤ Kohlendioxid
- carbon monoxide** [ˌkɑ:bən mə'nɒksaɪd] ➤ Kohlenmonoxid
- CFCs** ➤ FCKW
- greenhouse gases** ➤ Treibhausgase
- methane** ['mi:θeɪn] ➤ Methan
- nitrogen** ['naɪtrədʒən] ➤ Stickstoff
- oxygen** ['ɒksɪdʒən] ➤ Sauerstoff

VERBS OF CHANGE

- heat up, get warmer** ➤ sich aufwärmen, sich aufheizen
- increase** ➤ erhöhen
- limit** ➤ einschränken
- reduce** ➤ verringern
- rise** ➤ steigen, ansteigen

2. ODD ONE OUT



Which word doesn't fit? Find the odd one out in each group of three.

- A. *hurricane* | *orangutan* | *typhoon*
- B. *carbon dioxide* | *heatwave* | *oxygen*
- C. *deforestation* | *logging* | *minerals*
- D. *floods* | *fuel* | *oil*
- E. *breed* | *destroy* | *grow*

- Answers**
- 2. Odd one out
 - A. orangutan
 - B. heatwave
 - C. minerals
 - D. floods
 - E. destroy



Nature and the environment

Hier finden Sie wesentliches Vokabular auf Sprachniveau C1–C2.

ADVANCED PLUS

Cowley Carbon Cutters

OUR AIMS:

- to reduce our carbon footprint in response to climate change
- to inform ourselves and others about environmental issues
- to promote carbon-cutting activities in the community
- to work towards a plastic-free community
- to take part in peaceful protests
- to work in partnership with other groups with similar aims

1. AN UNPOPULAR TOPIC

Which of these topics would *not* attract a large audience at a meeting of the Carbon Cutters?

- A. a report from the global march for climate action
- B. a talk titled “Why Fossil Fuels Are Our Future”
- C. an update from the local tree-planting group

ANIMALS AT RISK

biodiversity [ˌbaɪəʊdərɪˈvɜːsəti]	➤ Artenvielfalt
conservation	➤ Naturschutz
die out, become extinct [biˌkʌm ɪkˈstɪŋkt]	➤ aussterben
ecosystem	➤ Ökosystem
endangered, at risk	➤ gefährdet
habitat	➤ Lebensraum
species [ˈspiːʃɪz]	➤ Spezies, Art
under threat, threatened [ˈθretənd]	➤ bedroht

CLIMATE CHANGE

climate crisis [ˈklaɪmət ˌkraɪsɪs]	➤ Klimakrise
extreme weather events [ˈweðə]	➤ extreme Wetterereignisse
global warming	➤ globale Erwärmung
ice cap	➤ Eiskappe
melt	➤ schmelzen
sea level	➤ Meeresspiegel
wildfire	➤ Buschbrand

issue [ˈɪʃuː]

➤ Thema, Frage

titled [ˈtaɪtəld]

➤ mit dem Titel, betitelt

Answer
1. An unpopular topic
Topic B would not be popular.



ENERGY

- biofuel ► Biokraftstoff
- biomass ► Biomasse
- energy source ► Energiequelle
- fossil fuel ['fju:əl] ► fossiler Brennstoff
- geothermal energy [dʒi:əʊ,θɜ:məl 'enədʒi] ► geothermische Energie, Erdwärme
- hydroelectricity [,haɪdrəʊi,lɛk'trɪsəti] ► Wasserkraftstrom
- renewable ► erneuerbar
- solar energy, solar power ► Solarenergie
- tidal energy ► Gezeitenenergie
- wave energy ► Wellenenergie
- wind turbine ['wɪnd ,tɜ:baɪn] ► Windkraftanlage

"CARBON" WORDS

- carbon capture ► CO₂-Abscheidung, CO₂-Rückhaltung
- carbon emissions ► CO₂-Emissionen
- carbon footprint ► CO₂-Fußabdruck
- carbon-neutral ► CO₂-neutral
- carbon offsetting ► CO₂-Emissionshandel
- carbon trading ► CO₂-Handel

TOO MUCH

- environmental damage ► Umweltschäden
- environmental impact ► Umweltbelastung
- in the long term ► langfristig gesehen
- overconsumption ► Überkonsum
- run out ► zur Neige gehen
- unsustainable ► nicht nachhaltig

SOLUTIONS

- binding agreement ► verbindliche Vereinbarung
- climate summit ► Klimagipfel
- green policies ► umweltfreundliche Politik
- international accord ► internationale Vereinbarung
- international agreement ► internationales Abkommen
- sustainability ► Nachhaltigkeit
- targets ► Ziele

2. WHO IS IT?



Write in the missing words. The first letters form a name. Whose name is it?

A. Carbon dioxide and methane are _____ gases.

B. Solar and wind power are forms of _____ energy.

C. The tiger is a(n) _____ species.

D. The effect of the moon on the sea can be used to give us _____ energy.

E. At a climate summit, countries can make an international agreement or _____.

The name is: _____

Answers
 2. Who is it?
 A. greenhouse
 B. renewable
 C. endangered
 D. tidal
 E. accord
 The name is: Greta
 (Thunberg)

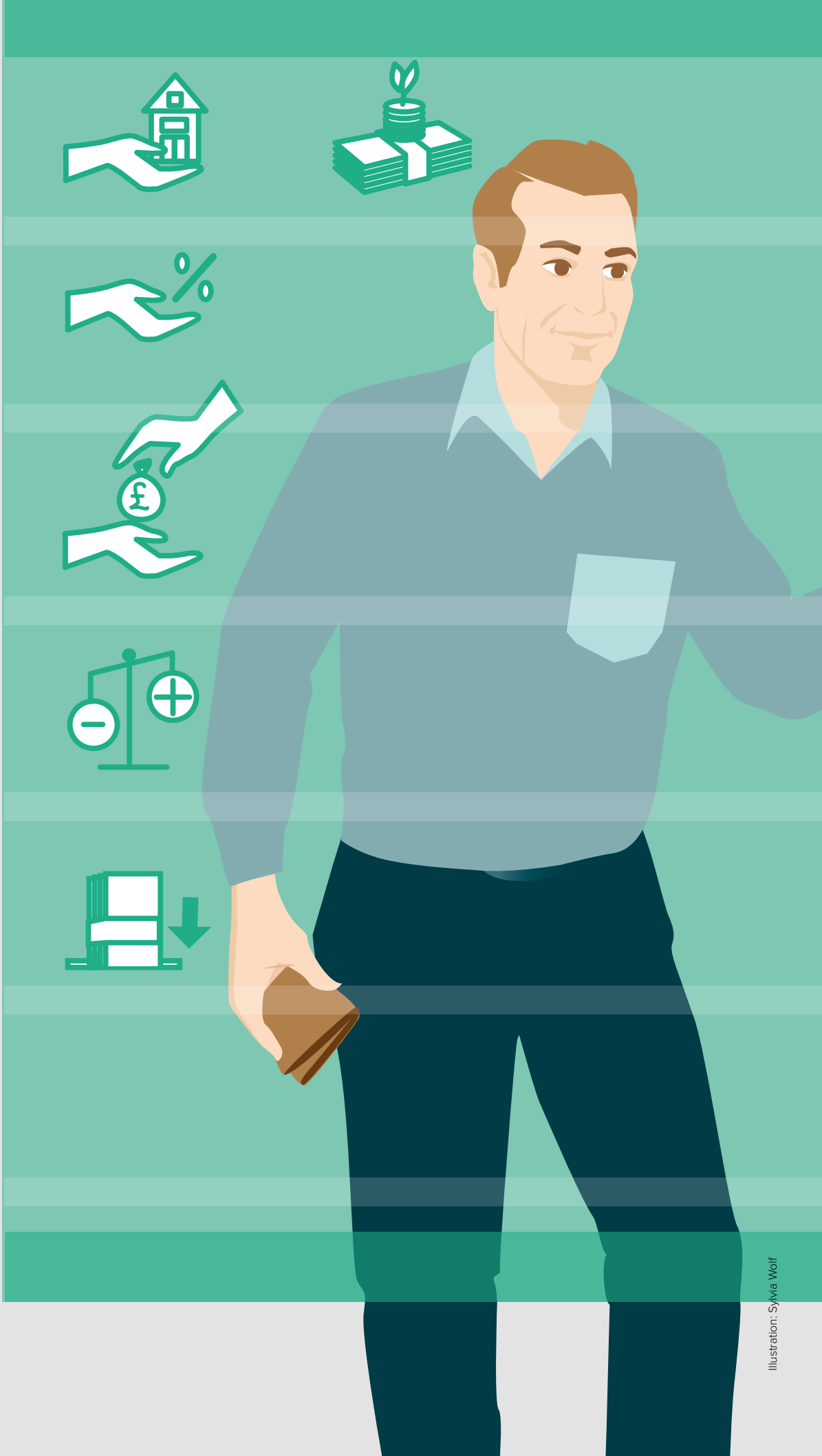
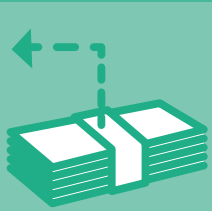


Illustration: Sylvia Wolf



Money

Über Geld spricht man eigentlich nicht – aber die gängigen englischen Begriffe zum Thema sollten Sie trotzdem parat haben. Auf den folgenden sechs Seiten finden Sie die wichtigsten Wörter und Wendungen rund um Geld und Finanzen.

Von VANESSA CLARK





Money

Hier finden Sie wesentliches Vokabular auf Sprachniveau A2.

EASY AUDIO PLUS

Two friends in a coffee shop

- Eve: Sorry, but could you lend me some money? I don't have any cash.
 Leon: Of course. How much do you need?
 Eve: Just a few coins, some small change.
 Leon: Let me look in my wallet... but you know you can pay by card here, don't you? They offer contactless payment.
 Eve: Oh, yes. I've already paid for our coffees. I wanted to put something in the tips jar.
 Leon: Oh, I see! Here, take what you need, and please – you really don't have to pay me back!

Alle Übungen aus dem Heft können Sie hier auch online und interaktiv machen

1. WHICH IS CORRECT?

- A. Eve wants to borrow some money from Leon.
 B. Eve wants to lend some money to Leon.



WHAT YOU CAN DO WITH MONEY

- borrow (from sb.)** ➤ (von jmd.) leihen
donate [ˌdɒʊˈneɪt] ➤ spenden
earn [ɜ:n] ➤ verdienen
invest ➤ investieren
lend (to sb.) ➤ (jmd.) leihen
owe ➤ schulden
pay back ➤ zurückzahlen
risk ➤ riskieren
save ➤ sparen
steal ➤ stehlen
waste ➤ verschwenden

Answer
 1. Which is correct?
 Sentence A is correct.
 Eve wants to borrow
 some money from
 Leon.

tips jar [ˈtɪps dʒɑ:]
 ➤ Trinkgeldkasse,
 Kaffeekasse



MONEY IN THE BANK

- bank account ➤ Bankkonto
- bank statement ➤ Kontoauszug
- cash machine UK, ATM N. Am. ➤ Bankautomat
- pay money in ➤ Geld einzahlen
- take money out ➤ Geld abheben

HOW TO PAY

- bank transfer ➤ Banküberweisung
- cash ➤ Bargeld
- change, small change ➤ Kleingeld
- coin ➤ Münze
- contactless payment ➤ kontaktloses Bezahlen
- note UK, bill N. Am. ➤ Schein, Banknote
- pay by card ➤ mit Karte zahlen
- pay cash ➤ bar zahlen



COSTS

- cost of living ➤ Lebenshaltungskosten
- fares ➤ Fahrtkosten
- household bills / costs ➤ Haushaltskosten
- insurance [ɪn'ʃʊərəns] ➤ Versicherung
- mortgage ['mɔ:ɡɪdʒ] ➤ Hypothek
- rent ➤ Miete
- subscriptions ➤ Abonnements

WHERE TO KEEP IT

- current account UK, checking account N. Am. ➤ Girokonto
- piggy bank ➤ Sparschwein
- purse UK, wallet ➤ Geldbeutel, Portemonnaie
- savings account ➤ Sparkonto
- under the mattress ➤ unter der Matratze; im Sparstrumpf
- wallet ➤ Brieftasche



2. HOW MUCH?

€

- A. A man has no money in his wallet. He earns £60. He borrows £30 from a friend. He spends £70. He donates £10 to the dogs' home. He pays back £10 to his friend. How much money does he have in his wallet now?
- B. A woman's rent and phone bill come to £650. The rent is £600 more than the phone bill. How much is her rent and how much is her phone bill?
- C. I have a small piggy bank, 10 centimetres high and 12 centimetres long. I have some one-euro coins. How many coins can I put into my empty piggy bank?

Answers
 2. How much?
 A. The man has no money in his wallet.
 B. The woman's rent is £625 and her phone bill is £25.
 C. Only one. After that, the piggy bank is no longer empty.



Money

Hier finden Sie wesentliches Vokabular auf Sprachniveau B1–B2.

MEDIUM AUDIO PLUS



Diesen Dialog hier
kostenlos anhören!
[www.spotlight-online.de/
audio-gratis](http://www.spotlight-online.de/audio-gratis)

The end of the month

- Ruby: Have you looked at our bank account today?
Harry: Yeah, I checked it online. We're in credit, aren't we? Not bad for the end of the month!
Ruby: Yes, the balance is about £400.
Harry: My salary will go in on the 30th – the day after tomorrow.
Ruby: My accountant says I have a small **tax bill** to pay, only a couple of hundred, but I'll wait a few days.
Harry: Yes, better to wait. We don't want to be over-drawn.

1. WHO IS IT?

Who is probably self-employed,
 Ruby or Harry?

CHECKING YOUR BANK ACCOUNT

- amount (of money)** ➤ (Geld)Betrag
bank balance ➤ Kontostand
bank charges ➤ Bankgebühren
be overdrawn, have an overdraft ➤ das Konto überzogen haben
deposit ➤ Einzahlung
have debts, be in debt [det] ➤ Schulden haben
in credit UK ➤ im Plus
standing order UK ➤ Dauerauftrag
transaction ➤ Überweisung, Geschäftsvorgang
withdrawal ➤ Abhebung



BORROWING

- apply for / get credit** ➤ Kredit beantragen / bewilligt bekommen
interest rate ➤ Zinssatz
monthly instalments ➤ Monatsraten
pay interest ➤ Zinsen zahlen
per cent ➤ Prozent
take out a bank loan ➤ ein Darlehen von einer Bank aufnehmen
total amount ➤ Gesamtbetrag

Answer
1. Who is it?
Ruby is probably
self-employed
(and perhaps her
accountant, too).

tax bill
➤ Steuerbescheid

FROM YOUR EMPLOYER

- deductions** ➤ Abzüge
- gross** [grəʊs] ➤ Brutto
- health insurance** ➤ Krankenversicherung
- income** ➤ Einkommen
- income tax** ➤ Einkommensteuer
- net** ➤ Netto
- payslip** UK ➤ Gehaltsabrechnung, Lohnabrechnung
- pension contribution** ➤ Rentenbeitrag
- salary** ➤ Gehalt
- wages** ➤ Lohn



FOR THE SELF-EMPLOYED

- accountant** [ə'kaʊntənt] ➤ Steuerberater(in)
- business expenses** ➤ Spesen
- invoice** ➤ Rechnung
- overheads** ➤ Fixkosten
- receipt** [ri'si:t] ➤ Quittung, Beleg
- tax return** ➤ Steuererklärung
- VAT (value added tax) UK,**
sales tax N. Am. ➤ Mehrwertsteuer, Umsatzsteuer

WORTH IT?

- good investment** ➤ gute Investition
- It's (not) worth it.** ➤ Es lohnt sich (nicht).
- make a loss** ➤ Verlust machen
- make a profit** ➤ einen Gewinn erzielen
- waste of money** ➤ Geldverschwendung



2. WISE WORDS ABOUT MONEY



Match the sentence halves to form statements that will provide you with some food for thought.

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. <input type="checkbox"/> A bank is a place that will lend you money... B. <input type="checkbox"/> Always borrow money from a pessimist – ... C. <input type="checkbox"/> If you owe the bank \$100, that's your problem, but... D. <input type="checkbox"/> You should always live within your income,... E. <input type="checkbox"/> The safest way to double your money is... F. <input type="checkbox"/> If you lend someone \$20 and never see that person again,... | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. ...if you owe the bank \$100 million, that's the bank's problem. 2. ...if you can show that you don't need it. 3. ...to fold it over and put it back in your wallet. 4. ...he won't expect it back. 5. ...it was probably worth it. 6. ...even if you have to borrow to do so. |
|---|--|

food for thought
➤ Denkanstoß/stöße

Answers
2. Wise words about money
A-2; B-4; C-1; D-6;
E-3; F-5



Money

Hier finden Sie wesentliches Vokabular auf Sprachniveau C1–C2.

ADVANCED AUDIO PLUS

Get rich quick?

Welcome, everybody. Let me introduce myself. I'm Robert Cayman, founder of Robert Cayman Wealth Services. I started with nothing. I didn't inherit a penny from my family. I started with zero in the bank. I made a fortune, went bankrupt, started again and made an even bigger fortune. Now, I can share my wealth with my family and friends – and I can share my secrets with you. Are you tired of struggling from month to month? Do you want to be financially secure – or do you dream bigger, of a life of luxury? Well, you've come to the right place. Don't work for money – make money work for you! I can show you how...

1. WHAT'S HE GOING TO GIVE?

- A. Solid financial advice about savings accounts or pensions.
- B. Investment tips about cryptocurrencies or playing the stock market.

MONEY IN THE NEWS

consumer confidence	▶ Verbrauchervertrauen
economic downturn, recession	▶ Wirtschaftsabschwung, Rezession
economic growth	▶ Wirtschaftswachstum
economy [i'kɒnəmi]	▶ Wirtschaft
enterprise	▶ Unternehmen
fraud [frɔ:d]	▶ Betrug
inflation	▶ Inflation
money laundering ['mʌni ,lɔ:ndəɪŋ]	▶ Geldwäsche
price index	▶ Preisindex
property prices	▶ Grundstückspreise
takeover bid	▶ Übernahmeangebot

Answer 1. What's he going to give?
Sentence B is correct: Robert is probably going to give his listeners investment tips about cryptocurrencies or playing the stock market.

inherit [ɪn'herɪt]
- erben

INVESTING

- cryptocurrency ➤ Kryptowährung
- currency ➤ Währung
- scam ifml. ➤ Betrug; betrügen
- shares ➤ Aktien
- stock market ➤ Börse, Wertpapiermarkt
- trade ➤ handeln



31.



POOR

- bankrupt ➤ bankrott
- broke ifml. ➤ pleite
- hard up ifml. ➤ knapp bei Kasse
- heavily in debt [det] ➤ überschuldet
- on a low income ➤ mit geringem Einkommen
- on a tight budget ➤ mit schmalem Budget
- short of money ➤ knapp bei Kasse
- struggling financially ➤ finanzielle Probleme haben

RICH

- affluent ['æfluənt] ➤ wohlhabend
- a life of luxury ➤ ein Luxusleben
- financially secure ➤ finanziell sicher
- have disposable income ➤ verfügbares Einkommen haben
- inheritance ➤ Erbschaft
- make a fortune ➤ ein Vermögen verdienen
- wealthy ➤ reich
- well off ➤ begütert



ATTITUDES TO MONEY

- be careful with money ➤ achtsam mit Geld umgehen
- extravagant [ɪk'strævəgənt] ➤ verschwenderisch
- have more money than sense ➤ mehr Geld als Verstand haben
- mean UK ➤ geizig
- spend money like water ➤ Geld zum Fenster hinauswerfen
- thrifty, stingy ➤ sparsam, geizig

2. SPOT THE MISTAKE!



Find the mistake in each sentence and write the corrected words on the lines provided. Tip: change just one letter each time.

- A. I like to play the stick market.
- B. I made my money by trading in shores.
- C. I invested in property, but it was a scum.
- D. I'm really stragging financially.

Answers
2. Spot the mistake!
A. stick ➔ stock
B. shores ➔ scam
C. scum ➔ scam
D. stragging ➔ struggling



Leisure and hobbies

Was ist Ihre liebste Freizeitbeschäftigung? Und könnten Sie Ihre Aktivitäten auf Englisch anschaulich beschreiben? Auf den folgenden sechs Seiten finden Sie die wichtigsten Begriffe zum Thema Freizeit und Hobbys. Von LYNDA HÜBNER



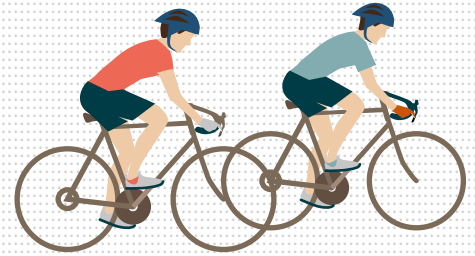




Leisure and hobbies

Hier finden Sie wesentliches Vokabular auf Sprachniveau A2.

EASY AUDIO PLUS



Alle Übungen aus dem Heft können Sie hier auch online und interaktiv machen



Diesen Dialog hier kostenlos anhören!
www.spotlight-online.de/audio-gratis

Good old-fashioned fun

- Phil: Look what I found when I was clearing out the attic this morning – a box of our old games – Monopoly, Scrabble and some old jigsaws.
- Jenny: I'd forgotten we had all those. We put them away when the twins were small, didn't we?
- Phil: Yes – there were no more quiet evenings then!
- Jenny: No more quiet evenings at home, no more evenings at the theatre, no more sailing at the weekends... just doing things with the kids.
- Phil: And now we have grandchildren. Why don't we have a games evening with them? We could show them some of the good old-fashioned games.
- Jenny: OK – if you can get them away from their computer games. Good luck with that!

1. WHY DID THEY STOP PLAYING?

Why did Jenny and Phil stop playing board games?

- A. They stopped playing because their children were too small to play board games.
- B. They stopped playing because they had no time when their children were small.

ON TWO FEET

- go for a walk ➤ einen Spaziergang machen
- go running ➤ laufen / joggen gehen
- go walking, go hiking ➤ wandern
- walk the dog ➤ mit dem Hund Gassi gehen

AT HOME

- board game ➤ Brettspiel
- card game ➤ Kartenspiel
- chess ➤ Schach
- collection ➤ Sammlung
- crossword ➤ Kreuzworträtsel
- gaming, play computer games ➤ Computer spielen
- jigsaw puzzle ['dʒɪɡsɔː, 'pʌzəl] ➤ Puzzle
- role-playing game ➤ Rollenspiel

Answer
1. Why did they stop playing?
Sentence B is correct. Jenny and Phil stopped playing because they had no time when their children were small.

attic ['ætɪk]
➤ Dachboden

SOLO SPORTS

- climbing** ['klaɪmɪŋ] ➤ Klettern, Bergsteigen
- cycling** ['saɪkəlɪŋ] ➤ Radfahren
- diving** ➤ Tauchen
- fishing, angling** ➤ Angeln
- horse riding UK,**
- horseback riding N. Am.** ➤ Reiten
- ice skating** ➤ Schlittschuhlaufen, Eislaufen
- sailing** ➤ Segeln
- skiing** ['ski:ɪŋ] ➤ Skifahren

DOING THINGS TOGETHER

- badminton** ➤ Badminton
- ballroom dancing** ➤ Gesellschaftstanz
- boxing** ➤ Boxen
- martial arts** [ˌmɑ:ʃəl 'ɑ:ts] ➤ Kampfkunst, Kampfsport
- team sport** ➤ Mannschaftssportart
- wrestling** ['resəlɪŋ] ➤ Ringen, Wrestling

PLACES

- adult education centre** ➤ Volkshochschule
- cinema UK, movie theater N. Am.** ➤ Kino
- exhibition UK, exhibit N. Am.** ➤ Ausstellung
- gym** [dʒɪm] ➤ Fitnessstudio
- leisure centre** ['leɪzə ,sentə] ➤ Freizeitzentrum
- stadium** ['steɪdiəm] ➤ Stadion
- theatre** ['θiətə] ➤ Theater



USEFUL ADJECTIVES

- adventurous** [əd'ventʃərəs] ➤ abenteuerlich
- creative** [kri'eɪtɪv] ➤ kreativ
- energetic** [ˌenə'dʒetɪk] ➤ dynamisch, schwungvoll
- fun** ➤ Spaßig
- musical** ➤ musikalisch
- relaxing** ➤ entspannend, erholsam

2. SCRABBLE

E

In Scrabble, you have seven letters with which you form a word. Rearrange these Scrabble tiles to form seven-letter words from the word boxes on this double page.

A.	C ₃	N ₁	C ₃	L ₁	I ₁	G ₂	Y ₄	_____
B.	M ₃	C ₃	A ₁	L ₁	I ₁	U ₁	S ₁	_____
C.	A ₁	D ₂	S ₁	T ₁	I ₁	M ₃	U ₁	_____
D.	S ₁	L ₁	U ₁	R ₁	E ₁	I ₁	E ₁	_____
E.	A ₁	T ₁	S ₁	K ₅	N ₁	I ₁	G ₂	_____

tile [taɪl]

• hier: Spielstein

Answers
2. Scrabble
A. cycling
B. musical
C. stadium
D. leisure
E. skating



Leisure and hobbies

Hier finden Sie wesentliches Vokabular auf Sprachniveau B1–B2.

MEDIUM PLUS

STOCKTEES ADULT EDUCATION CENTRE

We offer a range of classes, both in person and online, giving you the opportunity to learn new skills and meet new people.

NEW CLASSES FOR SUMMER 2022

ART AND DESIGN

Acrylic painting • Calligraphy • Ceramics

LANGUAGES

French (all levels) • Mandarin (beginners)
• Italian (beginners and intermediate)

CRAFTS

Candle making • Glass painting • Jewellery workshop

COOKING

French cuisine • Sweets and chocolates
• Creating cocktails

COMPUTERS

Social media for beginners • Web design

Register now for the summer term.

Reduced course fees for students and seniors.

1. CHOOSE A CLASS

Sixty-five-year-old Maureen wants to make name-cards for her daughter's wedding.

- A. Which class would interest her?
B. What else is to her advantage?

ART

calligraphy [kə'liɡrəfi]	➤ Kalligrafie
drawing ['drɔ:ɪŋ]	➤ Zeichnen
painting	➤ Malen
photography [fə'tɒɡrəfi]	➤ Fotografie
pottery, ceramics [sə'ræmɪks]	➤ Töpferei
printing	➤ Druck
sculpture ['skʌlptʃə]	➤ Bildhauerei

CRAFTS

candle making	➤ Kerzenziehen
jewellery making ['dʒu:əlri ,meɪkɪŋ]	➤ Schmuckherstellung
knitting ['nɪtɪŋ]	➤ Stricken
metalworking	➤ Metallbearbeitung
model making	➤ Modellbau
sewing ['səʊɪŋ]	➤ Nähen
tapestry ['tæpɪstri]	➤ Tapisserie
wood carving ['wʊd ,kɑ:vɪŋ]	➤ Holzschnitzerei

Answers
1. Choose a class interested in the calligraphy class. B. There are reduced class fees for seniors.

fee [fi:]
➤ Gebühr

TAKING PART

- belong to a group / team** ➤ einer Gruppe / einer Mannschaft angehören
join a group / team ➤ einer Gruppe / einer Mannschaft beitreten
register for a course ➤ sich für einen Kurs einschreiben
spend time (doing) ➤ Zeit verbringen (mit)
take part (in) ➤ teilnehmen (an)
volunteer [ˌvɒlənˈtɪə] ➤ sich freiwillig melden

GROUPS

- adult education class** ➤ Erwachsenenbildung
choir [ˈkwaɪə] ➤ Chor
club ➤ Club, Verein
community group ➤ Gemeinschaftsinitiative
orchestra [ˈɔːkɪstrə] ➤ Orchester
sports team ➤ Sportmannschaft

ADULT EDUCATION CLASSES

- art appreciation** ➤ Kunstverständnis
creative writing ➤ kreatives Schreiben
family history ➤ Familiengeschichte
history ➤ Geschichte
literature [ˈlɪtrətʃə] ➤ Literatur
music appreciation ➤ Musikverständnis

SATURDAY SPORT

- cheer** ➤ anfeuern, jubeln
crowd, spectators ➤ Publikum, Zuschauer
go to a match ➤ zu einer Sportveranstaltung gehen
play in a league ➤ in einer Liga spielen
score a goal ➤ ein Tor schießen
support a team ➤ eine Mannschaft unterstützen



2. MIX AND MATCH



Match the sentence halves to form statements related to various leisure activities.

- | | |
|---|--|
| A. I've found out that my great-grandparents came from Belgium... | 1. ...thanks to the family history class. |
| B. I made all my own Christmas presents last year... | 2. ...at a ceramics workshop. |
| C. It's good to be in the crowd, cheering,... | 3. ...to show to my photography group next week. |
| D. I made a lovely pot... | 4. ...to support my local team. |
| E. We're practising some new songs... | 5. ...at my candle-making class. |
| F. I have to take pictures of sculptures... | 6. ...in preparation for the choir competition next month. |

Answers
 2. Mix and match
 A-1; B-5; C-4; D-2;
 E-6; F-3



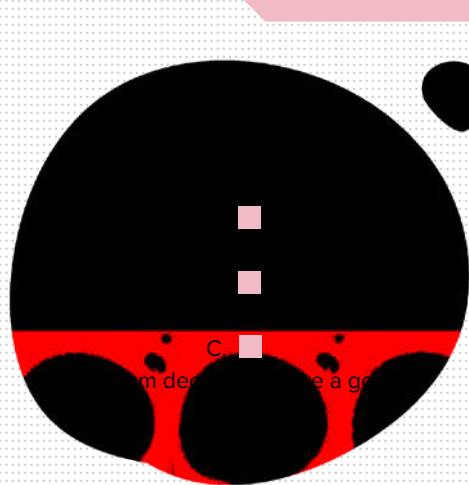
Leisure and hobbies

Hier finden Sie wesentliches Vokabular auf Sprachniveau C1–C2.

ADVANCED AUDIO PLUS

A new activity

- Mum: What have you been up to lately, Greg? Are you keeping yourself out of mischief? You said you'd joined a gym – but do you actually go?
- Greg: No, I decided the gym isn't my thing. I was looking for something a bit more challenging and I spotted a taster session for zorbing. Have you heard of it?
- Mum: Is it one of those extreme sport things? The latest craze that all the youngsters are doing?
- Greg: Basically, you get inside a giant inflatable ball and roll down a hill.
- Mum: It sounds quite hair-raising!
- Greg: You get a real buzz out of it. We have races and even bowling contests. Why don't you come and watch? You might even want to take the plunge and give it a whirl! It would get you out and about a bit more.
- Mum: It sounds like a passing fad to me.



giant ['dʒaɪənt]
- riesengroß

inflatable [ɪn'fleɪtəbəl]
- aufblasbar

spot
- entdecken

youngster [jʌŋstə]
- Jugendliche(r)

1. Which sentence is true?
Sentence B is true.
Greg gets a kick out of zorbing.

WORDS OF DESCRIPTION

- absorbing** ➤ fesselnd
calming ['kɑ:mɪŋ] ➤ beruhigend
hair-raising ➤ haarsträubend
nerdy, geeky ['gi:ki] ɪfml. ➤ nerdig
(non-)competitive ➤ (nicht) wettkampforientiert
restorative [ri'stɔ:rətɪv] ➤ erholsam
sociable ['səʊʃəbəl] ➤ gesellig, ungezwungen
soothing ['su:ðɪŋ] ➤ wohltuend, lindernd
thrilling ➤ spannend

REASONS FOR HAVING A HOBBY

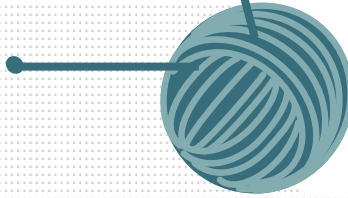
- beat loneliness** ➤ die Einsamkeit bekämpfen
enjoy other people's company ➤ gern in Gesellschaft sein
get out and about ➤ rauskommen
good for your mental health ➤ gut für die psychische Gesundheit
have a purpose in life ➤ einen Lebenszweck haben
keep yourself busy ['bɪzi] ➤ sich beschäftigen
keep yourself out of mischief ['mɪstʃɪf] ➤ nicht auf dumme Gedanken kommen

TAKING UP A NEW ACTIVITY

be obsessed (with)	➤ besessen sein (von)
get a buzz / kick (out of) ifml.	➤ Spaß (an etw.) haben
get hooked (on) ifml.	➤ süchtig werden (nach)
give it a whirl ifml.	➤ etw. ausprobieren, einen Versuch wagen
have a go (at)	➤ etw. ausprobieren
have a sense of achievement	➤ ein Erfolgserlebnis haben
intrigued [ɪn'tri:gd]	➤ fasziniert
take the plunge ifml.	➤ den Sprung wagen
taster session	➤ Schnupperstunde

POPULAR PASTIMES

all the rage	➤ schwer in Mode
fad	➤ kurzlebiger Trend
the "in" thing ifml.	➤ Trend, Mode
the latest craze	➤ der letzte Schrei



CRAFTING MATERIALS

beads	➤ Perlen
canvas	➤ Leinwand
clay	➤ Ton
crochet hook [ˈkrəʊʃeɪ hʊk]	➤ Häkelnadel
embellishments	➤ Verzierungen
felt	➤ Filz
glitter	➤ Glitter
knitting needles	
[ˈni:tɪŋ ˌni:dəlz]	➤ Stricknadeln
sequins [ˈsi:kwiŋz]	➤ Pailletten
thread [θred]	➤ Faden, Garn

2. RHYMING WORDS

A

Complete the poem with rhyming words from the vocabulary boxes on this double page.

- A. Greg wanted to start a hobby and decided to pick
A dangerous one that would give him a
- B. For several months, he'd been going to the ,
But he recently realized it wasn't for him.
- C. He discovered the hair-raising new sport of zorbing,
And soon he found it was totally .
- D. For his mum, the sport was not really fitting,
She's happier with crafts and painting and .
- E. To fit with her character – she's gentle and charming –
She prefers pastimes more soothing and .
- F. And what about you? Would you have a ?
If you value your safety, your answer will be "No!"

charming [ˈtʃɑ:mɪŋ]
➤ charmant

crafts
➤ Kunsthandwerk

pastime [ˈpɑ:stɑɪm]
➤ Zeitvertreib, Freizeitbeschäftigung

Answers
2. Rhyming words
A. kick
B. gym
C. absorbing
D. knitting
E. calming
F. go

At home

„My home is my castle“ heißt es auf den britischen Inseln. Verfügen Sie über den nötigen Wortschatz, um Ihre ganz persönliche Burg im Detail zu beschreiben? Auf den folgenden sechs Seiten finden Sie die wichtigsten Wörter und Wendungen rund um Ihr Zuhause.

Von VANESSA CLARK







At home

Hier finden Sie wesentliches Vokabular auf Sprachniveau A2.

EASY PLUS



Room to rent

Large furnished room to rent in shared house, Alford Street. En suite with shower. Single bed, wardrobe, cupboard, table/desk. Good Wi-Fi. Warm and comfortable. Light, with large window. Large lounge and kitchen shared with three other professional people. £650 per month. Professional person preferred.

1. TRUE OR FALSE?

The kitchen and bathroom are shared with the other people in the house.

Alle Übungen aus dem Heft können Sie hier auch online und interaktiv machen

Answer
1. True or false?
False. The kitchen is shared, but not the bathroom. The room is en suite.

professional

➤ hier: berufstätig

Wi-Fi [ˈwaɪ faɪ]

➤ WLAN

“HOME” AND “HOUSE” VERBS

- be at home** ➤ zuhause sein
- feel at home** ➤ sich zuhause fühlen
- go home** ➤ nach Hause gehen
- move (house)** ➤ umziehen
- rent a home** ➤ eine Wohnung / ein Haus mieten
- share a home** ➤ in einer Wohngemeinschaft leben

PARTS OF A HOUSE

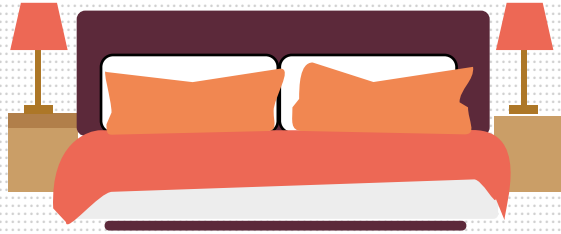
- cellar, basement** ➤ Keller
- downstairs** ➤ unten (gelegen)
- floor** ➤ Boden
- front door** ➤ Haustür
- stairs** ➤ Treppe
- upstairs** ➤ oben (gelegen)
- wall** ➤ Wand
- window** ➤ Fenster

ROOMS

- attic, loft** ➤ Dachboden, Speicher
- dining room** ➤ Esszimmer
- en suite bathroom** [ˌɒn ˈswiːt ˈbɑːθruːm] ➤ Zimmer mit eigenem Bad
- hall** ➤ Diele
- junk room** ➤ Rumpelkammer
- kitchen** ➤ Küche
- lounge UK, living room** ➤ Wohnzimmer
- shower** ➤ Dusche
- spare room, guest room** ➤ Gästezimmer

DESCRIBING A HOUSE OR FLAT

- central heating ➤ Zentralheizung
- comfortable ➤ wohnlich, behaglich
- light ➤ hell
- quiet location ➤ ruhige Lage
- recently renovated ➤ frisch renoviert
- (un)furnished ➤ (un)möbliert
- wooden floors ➤ Holzfußboden, Parkett



FURNITURE

- armchair ➤ Sessel, Lehnstuhl
- bookcase ➤ Bücherregal, Bücherschrank
- cupboard ➤ (Küchen)Schrank
- double bed ➤ Doppelbett
- drawers ➤ Schubladen
- shelf ➤ Regal
- single bed ➤ Einzelbett

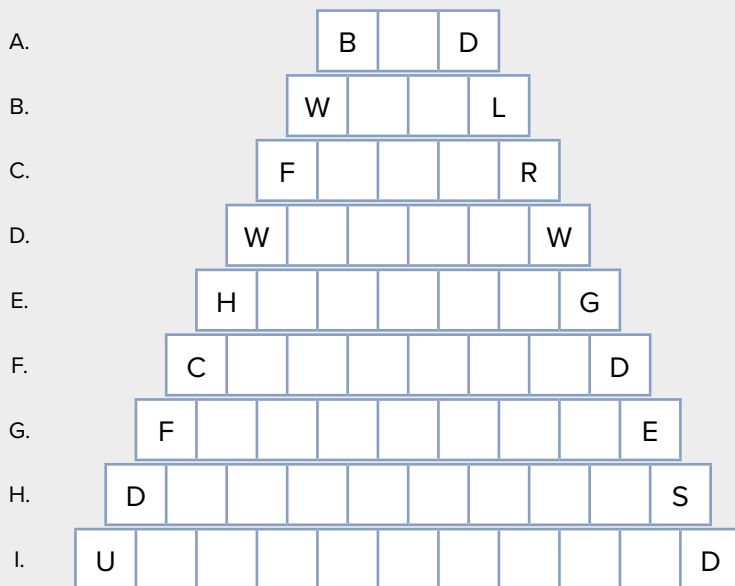
HOUSEWORK

- clean the bathroom ➤ das Badezimmer putzen
- clear up, tidy up ➤ aufräumen
- do the hoovering, do the vacuuming ['væk.ju.əm.ɪŋ] ➤ staubsaugen
- do the ironing ➤ bügeln
- do the washing-up, wash the dishes ➤ das Geschirr spülen
- do the washing, do the laundry ['lɔ:ndri] ➤ Wäsche waschen
- sweep the floor ➤ den Boden kehren
- take the rubbish out UK, take the trash out N. Am. ➤ den Müll rausbringen

2. UPSTAIRS, DOWNSTAIRS

E

Find words on this double page that fit into the stairs.
Can you do it without looking at the word lists?



- I. unfurnished
- H. downstairs
- G. furniture
- F. cupboard
- E. heating
- D. window
- C. floor
- B. wall
- A. bed
- 2. Upstairs, downstairs

Answers



At home

Hier finden Sie wesentliches Vokabular auf Sprachniveau B1–B2.

MEDIUM AUDIO PLUS

A new home

Tiffany: How's your new flat?

Max: It's brilliant. It's so good to have my own place at last.

Tiffany: Have you been buying lots of nice new things for it?

Max: Yeah. It already had the basic furniture, like a bed and wardrobe, sofa, table and chairs, but I've been buying lots of things to make it feel like home. A rug, cushions, a blind for the kitchen, new sheets... oh, and a big picture to hang in the sitting room. When I moved in, there was a **massive** photo of the landlady's family in a gold frame above the sofa.

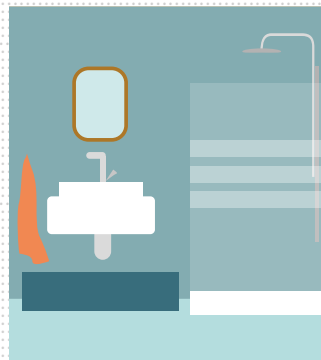
Tiffany: What? Why would anyone want that?

1. WHICH IS CORRECT?

- A. This is the first time that Max has lived alone.
- B. Max lived alone in his last home.

ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES

cooker, hob, stove	➤ Herd, Kochfeld
dishwasher	➤ Geschirrspülmaschine
hoover, vacuum cleaner	➤ Staubsauger
microwave	➤ Mikrowelle
oven	➤ Backofen
tumble dryer, dryer	➤ Trockner
washing machine	➤ Waschmaschine



massive

➤ riesig, gewaltig

Answer
1. Which is correct?
Sentence **A** is correct.
This is the first time
that Max has lived
alone.

IN THE BATHROOM

bath, bathtub	➤ Bad, Badewanne
bath mat / shower mat	➤ Badvorleger
mirror	➤ Spiegel
shower, shower stall N. Am.	➤ Dusche
sink, handbasin	➤ Waschbecken
tap UK, faucet ['fɔ:sɪt] N. Am.	➤ Wasserhahn
towel	➤ Handtuch



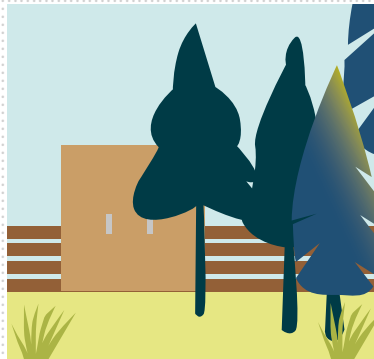
IN THE LIVING ROOM

- blind ➤ Jalousie
- candle ➤ Kerze
- curtains UK, drapes N. Am. ➤ Vorhänge
- cushion ➤ Kissen
- house plant ➤ Zimmerpflanze
- lamp ➤ Lampe
- painting ➤ Gemälde, Bild
- photo frame ➤ Fotorahmen
- rug ➤ Teppich
- vase ➤ Vase



IN THE BEDROOM

- bedside table UK, nightstand N. Am. ➤ Nachtkästchen, Nachttisch
- duvet ['du:vei] UK ➤ Bettdecke
- mattress ➤ Matratze
- pillow ➤ Kopfkissen
- sheet ➤ Betttuch, Laken
- wardrobe UK, closet N. Am. ➤ Kleiderschrank



OUTSIDE

- fence ➤ Zaun
- flower bed ➤ Blumenbeet
- garden UK, yard N. Am. ➤ Garten
- gate ➤ Tor
- lawn, grass ➤ Rasen, Gras
- path ➤ Pfad, Weg
- shed ➤ Schuppen
- weeds ➤ Unkraut

2. TAKE A LETTER



Write the words to match the definitions. Then use the highlighted letters to form the name of an important room in your house or flat.

- A. You put it on the mattress:
- B. You put it on an armchair or sofa:
- C. You put your head on it in bed:
- D. This is another word for the grass in the garden:
- E. You fill this with water when you want a bath:
- F. This is a machine that's useful after dinner:
- G. You put your books here:

The hidden word is

- Answers**
- 2. Take a letter
 - A. sheet
 - B. cushion
 - C. pillow
 - D. lawn
 - E. bathtub
 - F. dishwasher
 - G. bookcase
- The hidden word is **kitchen**



At home

Hier finden Sie wesentliches Vokabular auf Sprachniveau C1–C2.

ADVANCED AUDIO PLUS

Holiday rentals pushing local people out of homes

Holiday rentals and short-term lets are pricing local people out of the housing market in many parts of our cities, according to a report out today. Investors are snapping up suitable properties and doing them up to list on popular accommodation websites. Great news for kitchen fitters, plumbers and tilers, but an increasing threat to local residents, who see property prices and rents going through the roof. The lack of affordable housing in the private sector is leading to increased pressure on social housing and rising rates of homelessness.

1. WHO BENEFITS?

Circle the groups of people who benefit from this trend.

landlords

LOCAL RESIDENTS

tradespeople

homeless people

tourists

NICE HOME

- cosy** ['kəʊzi] ➤ gemütlich, behaglich
- imposing** [ɪm'pəʊzɪŋ] ➤ beeindruckend
- mod cons** UK ifnl. ➤ moderner Komfort
- palatial** [pə'leɪʃəl] ➤ palastartig
- roomy** ➤ geräumig
- snug** ➤ gemütlich
- spacious** ['speɪʃəs] ➤ geräumig, weitläufig

NOT SO NICE HOME

- cramped** ➤ beengt
- damp** ➤ feucht
- derelict** ['derəlɪkt] ➤ verfallen
- dingy** ['dɪndʒi] ➤ schmutzig, schmutzdelig
- draughty** ['dra:fti] ➤ zugig
- leaky roof** ➤ undichtes Dach
- shabby** ➤ heruntergekommen
- uninhabitable** ➤ unbewohnbar

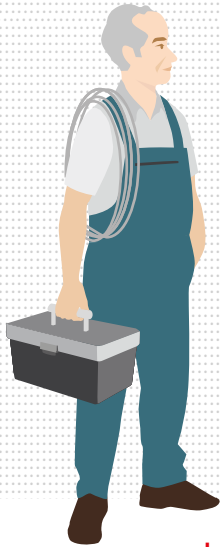
Answers
1. Who benefits?
The groups of
people who benefit
are landlords
tradespeople and
tourists.

price: ~ sb. out of the market

➤ jmdn. durch überhöhte
Preise aus dem Markt drängen

snap up

➤ wegschnappen; hier:
aufkaufen



TRADESPEOPLE

- bricklayer** ➤ Maurer(in)
- carpenter / joiner** ➤ Zimmerer, Zimmerin
- electrician** ➤ Elektriker(in)
- handyman / handywoman** ➤ Heimwerker(in)
- kitchen / bathroom fitter** ➤ Küchen-, Bad-Installateur(in)
- painter and decorator UK** ➤ Maler(in) und Raumgestalter(in)
- plumber** ['plʌmə] ➤ Installateur(in)
- roofer** ➤ Dachdecker(in)
- tiler** ➤ Fliesenleger(in)

HOUSING PROBLEMS

- affordable housing** ➤ bezahlbarer Wohnraum
- Generation Rent UK** ➤ die Generation der Mieter
- homelessness** ➤ Obdachlosigkeit
- property prices** ➤ Immobilienpreise
- repossession UK, foreclosure N. Am.** ➤ Zwangsvollstreckung
- short-term let, short-term rental** ➤ befristete Vermietung
- slum** ➤ Elendsviertel
- social housing** ➤ sozialer Wohnungsbau

RENOVATING

- carry out extensive renovations** ➤ größere Renovierungsarbeiten ausführen
- extend, build an extension** ➤ anbauen
- fixer-upper N. Am. ifml.** ➤ renovierungsbedürftiges Haus
- flip a house** ➤ ein Haus renovieren und weiterverkaufen
- remodel** ➤ umbauen, modernisieren
- renovate, do up UK ifml.** ➤ renovieren

2. WHAT'S THE REALITY?

A

Descriptions of homes often exaggerate the best features and hide the worst. Match the positive descriptions to the negative realities.

- | | |
|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. <input type="checkbox"/> renovation project, fixer-upper B. <input type="checkbox"/> fully renovated C. <input type="checkbox"/> compact, great use of space D. <input type="checkbox"/> plenty of fresh air E. <input type="checkbox"/> imposing property F. <input type="checkbox"/> with all mod cons | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The rooms are small and cramped. 2. The house is totally derelict. 3. Your first impression will be that this house looks strange. 4. It's draughty. 5. It has heating, hot water and electricity. 6. It has some new kitchen cupboards and a new front door. |
|--|---|

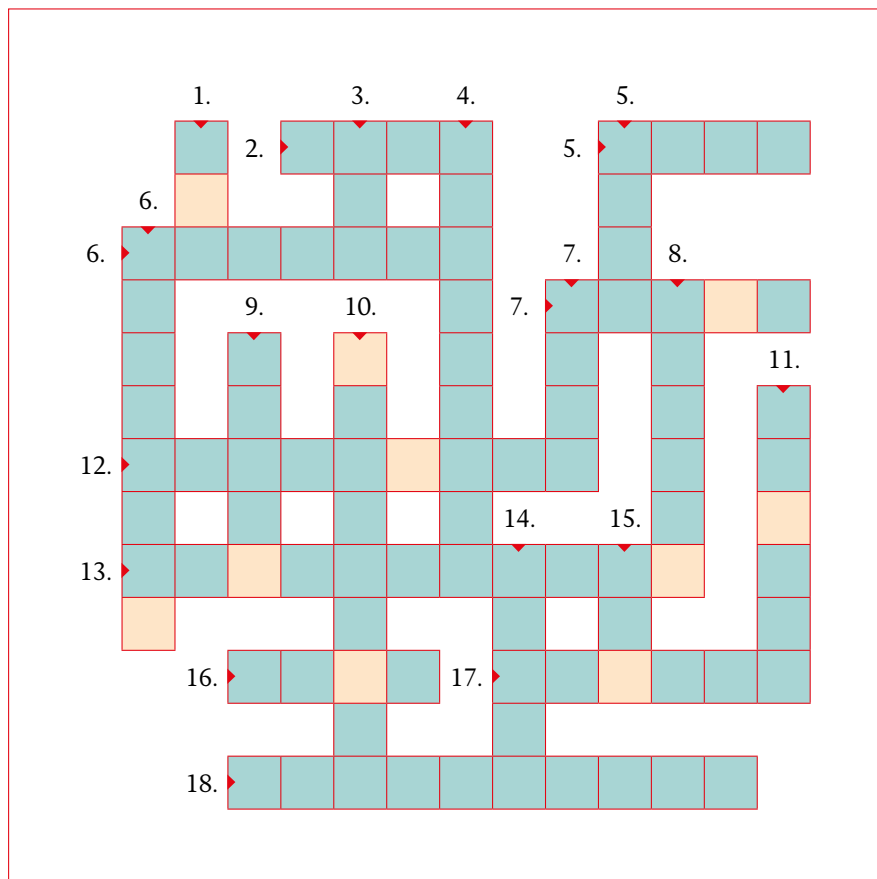
Answers
2. What's the reality?
A-2; B-6; C-1; D-4;
E-3; F-5



Crossword

Hier finden Sie eine sprachliche Knobelei zu den Texten aus diesem Heft. Von OWEN CONNORS

ADVANCED



ACROSS

2. Rough neighbourhood
5. Earth for pottery
6. Someone who repairs water pipes, baths, toilets, etc.
7. Working period
12. Exciting
13. Farmer's business
16. Cut in pieces
17. Legal adviser
18. Scientific investigator

DOWN

1. Night-time bird
3. Where a scientist works
4. Mammal with a pouch
5. Money in your pocket
6. Like a royal estate
7. Comfortable and warm
8. Wage, salary
9. Person who looks after another
10. Tasty
11. Web-making creature
14. Worker on a roof
15. Uncooked

COMPETITION

YOUR CHANCE TO WIN!



Form a single word from the letters in the orange squares. Send it on a postcard to:

Redaktion Spotlight
"Issue 4/22 Prize Puzzle"
Kistlerhofstraße 172
81379 München

Or take part by visiting www.spotlight-online.de/crossword, where you can also find the list of winners of our crossword competition in issue 2/22.

Five winners will be chosen from the entries we receive by 29 March 2022. Each winner will be sent a copy of *Let sleeping dogs lie* by courtesy of **Hueber**.

Solution to crossword 3/22:

Crusader



Food

Spotlight

compare apples and oranges
Äpfel mit Birnen vergleichen

Family and friends

Spotlight

have friends in high places
*einflussreiche Freunde haben;
die richtigen Leute kennen*

Nature and the environment

Spotlight

a voice in the wilderness
ein einsamer Rufer in der Wüste

Work

Spotlight

wear a lot of hats
*viele verschiedene Rollen oder
Verantwortungsbereiche innehaben*

Leisure and hobbies

Spotlight

be on one's hobby horse
auf seinem Lieblingsthema herumreiten

Money

Spotlight

It won't break the bank.
Das wird schon nicht den Ruin bedeuten.

Vocabulary

Spotlight

That isn't part of my vocabulary.
Das gehört nicht zu meinem Wortschatz.

At home

Spotlight

hit the roof
an die Decke gehen

Family and friends

Spotlight

If you **have friends in high places**, you know people who wield (*ausüben*) influence or power. Your connection with these people can give you an unfair advantage.

As a former mayor, Joe won't go to jail. He has friends in high places.

Food

Spotlight

If you **compare apples and oranges** (N. Am.), you look at two things that are totally different and, therefore, shouldn't be compared at all.

It's not fair to compare a TV comedy show with live stand-up comedy. I think you're comparing apples and oranges.

Work

Spotlight

If you **wear a lot of hats**, you have many different roles and responsibilities, especially at work.

I run my own business, so I'm the manager, the sales team and the delivery driver. I wear a lot of hats.

Nature and the environment

Spotlight

If you're **a voice in the wilderness**, you're the only person who speaks up about a problem – but no one listens to you.

My professor has been warning about climate change since the 1970s. For many years, he was a voice in the wilderness, but finally we're all taking it seriously.

Tip: this phrase is perfect for pronunciation practice with “v” and “w”.

Money

Spotlight

If something **won't break the bank**, it's not too expensive, so it won't use up all the money you have in your account.

I think we can treat the kids to an ice cream. It won't break the bank, will it?

Leisure and hobbies

Spotlight

A “hobby horse” (*Steckenpferd*) is a toy for children. Here, **being on your hobby horse** means “talking about your favourite topic of conversation”, especially if you have a strong opinion you like to share.

Oh, no! Dad's on his hobby horse again, complaining about the government.

At home

Spotlight

If you **hit the roof**, you react very angrily to something.

If my parents knew about my credit card debts, they'd hit the roof.

Vocabulary

Spotlight

If something **isn't part of your vocabulary**, it's not a principle you believe in.

The word “compromise” just isn't part of my boss's vocabulary.

A better life

Discover the many benefits of learning
a foreign language

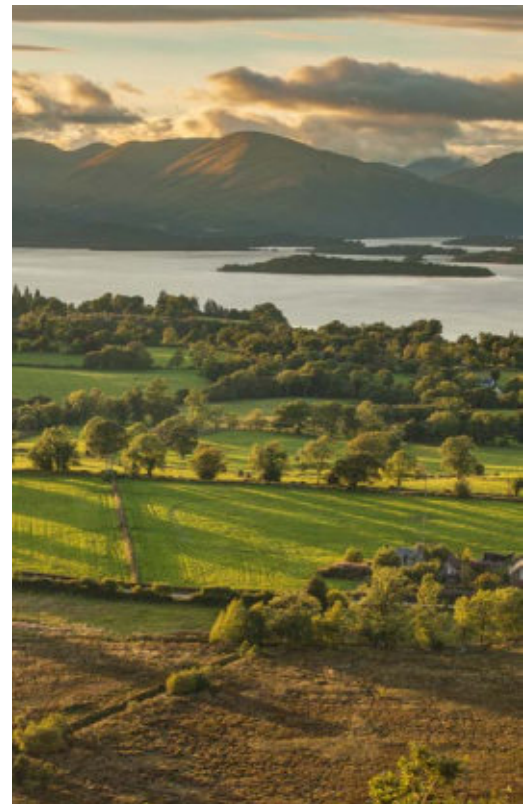


We hope you have picked up lots of new English words and phrases in this language special. However, beyond simply having a better vocabulary, there are many other advantages to what you have been doing. In the next issue of *Spotlight*, we look at how learning a foreign language, at any age, is good for the brain – and how it can make you cleverer, happier and perhaps richer, too.

Die nächste
Ausgabe von
Spotlight
erscheint am
30.03.2022

The loveliest routes around Scotland and Northern Ireland

In the second part of our Travel story about road trips around Britain, we invite you first to join us as we drive from Glasgow to Fort William past some of Scotland's most dramatic scenery, then on to Northern Ireland and the no less impressive lakes and castles of County Antrim – the location of many scenes in the TV series *Game of Thrones*.



Für alle, die weiterkommen wollen.



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gratis
testen!**

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